

# ARG41941 anti-GLMN antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GLMN
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	GLMN
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 405-594 of Human GLMN (NP_444504.1).
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	VMGLOM; GVM; FAP; FKBP-associated protein; Glomulin; FAP48; FK506-binding protein-associated protein; FKBPAP; FAP68; GLML

#### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recomm should be determined by the sci	ended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations entist.
Positive Control	HepG2	
Observed Size	~ 63 kDa	

# Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

# Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	GLMN
Gene Full Name	glomulin, FKBP associated protein
Background	This gene encodes a phosphorylated protein that is a member of a Skp1-Cullin-F-box-like complex. The protein is essential for normal development of the vasculature and mutations in this gene have been associated with glomuvenous malformations, also called glomangiomas. Alternatively spliced variants that encode different protein isoforms have been described but the full-length nature of only one has been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Essential for normal development of the vasculature. May represent a naturally occurring ligand of the immunophilins FKBP59 and FKBP12. May function as an membrane anchoring protein. Isoform 1 may stimulate the p70S6K pathway. Isoform 2 may inhibit cell proliferation and increase IL2 production. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	68 kDa
PTM	Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. [UniProt]

#### Images

