

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG43668 anti-VEGF antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes VEGF

Tested Reactivity Ms, Rat

Predict Reactivity Hu

Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name VEGF

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein corresponding to Human VEGFA.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names MVCD1; Vascular permeability factor; VEGF-A; VPF; VEGF; Vascular endothelial growth factor A

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS, 0.01% Thimerosal and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.01% Thimerosal

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol VEGFA

Gene Full Name vascular endothelial growth factor A

Background This gene is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family and encodes a protein that is often

found as a disulfide linked homodimer. This protein is a glycosylated mitogen that specifically acts on endothelial cells and has various effects, including mediating increased vascular permeability, inducing angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth, promoting cell migration, and inhibiting apoptosis. Elevated levels of this protein is linked to POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Mutations in this gene have been associated with proliferative and nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy. Alternatively spliced transcript variants, encoding either freely secreted or cell-associated isoforms, have been characterized. There is also evidence for the use of non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation sites upstream of, and in-frame with the first AUG, leading to additional isoforms. [provided

by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Growth factor active in angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth. Induces endothelial

cell proliferation, promotes cell migration, inhibits apoptosis and induces permeabilization of blood vessels. Binds to the FLT1/VEGFR1 and KDR/VEGFR2 receptors, heparan sulfate and heparin. NRP1/Neuropilin-1 binds isoforms VEGF-165 and VEGF-145. Isoform VEGF165B binds to KDR but does not activate downstream signaling pathways, does not activate angiogenesis and inhibits tumor growth.

[UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

VEGF antibodies; VEGF ELISA Kits; VEGF Duos / Panels; VEGF recombinant proteins; Anti-Rabbit IgG

secondary antibodies; Related news:

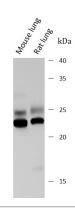
The role of HDGF in tumor angiogenesis

Calculated Mw 27 kDa

PTM Disulfide bond; Glycoprotein

Cellular Localization Secreted

#### **Images**



#### ARG43668 anti-VEGF antibody WB image

Western blot: Mouse lung and Rat lung stained with ARG43668 anti-VEGF antibody at 1:1000 dilution.