

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG10016 anti-G-CSF Receptor antibody [S-1268]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [S-1268] recognizes G-CSF Receptor

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone S-1268

Isotype IgG1, kappa

Target Name G-CSF Receptor

Species Human

Immunogen Purified recombinant MBP-GCSFR fusion protein

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names G-CSF receptor; CD114; CD antigen CD114; G-CSF-R; GCSFR; Granulocyte colony-stimulating factor

receptor

Application Instructions

Application Note

Western Blot: The antibody recognizes denatured G-CSFR in Western blot following SDS-PAGE. Suggest use 200µg of cell lysate or immunoprecipitated protein.

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Protein G affinity purified

Buffer 0.01M PBS (pH 7.2)

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 1441 Human</u>

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Swiss-port # Q99062 Human

Gene Symbol CSF3R

Gene Full Name colony stimulating factor 3 receptor (granulocyte)

Background The protein encoded by this gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 3, a cytokine that

controls the production, differentiation, and function of granulocytes. The encoded protein, which is a member of the family of cytokine receptors, may also function in some cell surface adhesion or recognition processes. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. Mutations in this gene are a cause of Kostmann syndrome, also known as severe congenital neutropenia. [provided by

RefSeq, Aug 2010]

Function Receptor for granulocyte colony-stimulating factor (CSF3), essential for granulocytic maturation. Plays a

crucial role in the proliferation, differientation and survival of cells along the neutrophilic lineage. In

addition it may function in some adhesion or recognition events at the cell surface. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody

Calculated Mw 92 kDa

PTM N-glycosylated.