

## ARG20856 anti-CD19 antibody [6D5] (PE-Cyanine 5.5)

Package: 50 µg  
Store at: 4°C

### Summary

Product Description	PE-Cyanine 5.5-conjugated Rat Monoclonal antibody [6D5] recognizes CD19
Tested Reactivity	Ms
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-Fr
Specificity	Mouse CD19. The clone 6D5 recognizes the same epitope as the published clone, 1D3.
Host	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	6D5
Isotype	IgG2a, kappa
Target Name	CD19
Species	Mouse
Immunogen	Mouse CD19-expressing K562 human erythroleukemia cells
Conjugation	PE-Cyanine 5.5
Alternate Names	Differentiation antigen CD19; T-cell surface antigen Leu-12; B-lymphocyte antigen CD19; B-lymphocyte surface antigen B4; B4; CD antigen CD19; CVID3

### Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	< 0.2 µg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	PBS, 0.1% Sodium azide and Sucrose.
Preservative	0.1% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	Sucrose
Concentration	0.1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Database links	<a href="#">GeneID: 12478 Mouse</a> <a href="#">Swiss-port # P25918 Mouse</a>
Gene Symbol	CD19
Gene Full Name	CD19 antigen
Background	CD19: Lymphocytes proliferate and differentiate in response to various concentrations of different antigens. The ability of the B cell to respond in a specific, yet sensitive manner to the various antigens is achieved with the use of low-affinity antigen receptors. This gene encodes a cell surface molecule which assembles with the antigen receptor of B lymphocytes in order to decrease the threshold for antigen receptor-dependent stimulation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	CD19 functions as coreceptor for the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) on B-lymphocytes. Decreases the threshold for activation of downstream signaling pathways and for triggering B-cell responses to antigens (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518, PubMed:16672701). Activates signaling pathways that lead to the activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and the mobilization of intracellular Ca(2+) stores (PubMed:9382888, PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701). Is not required for early steps during B cell differentiation in the blood marrow (PubMed:9317126). Required for normal differentiation of B-1 cells. Required for normal B cell differentiation and proliferation in response to antigen challenges (PubMed:2463100, PubMed:1373518). Required for normal levels of serum immunoglobulins, and for production of high-affinity antibodies in response to antigen challenge (PubMed:9317126, PubMed:12387743, PubMed:16672701). [UniProt]
Highlight	Related products: <a href="#">CD19 antibodies:</a> <a href="#">CD19 ELISA Kits:</a> <a href="#">CD19 Duos / Panels:</a> <a href="#">Anti-Rat IgG secondary antibodies:</a> Related news: <a href="#">Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)</a>
Research Area	Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Lymphocyte Marker antibody; B cell Marker antibody; Pro-B Cell Marker antibody; Pre-B Cell Marker antibody; Immature B Cell Marker antibody; Follicular dendritic cells antibody
Calculated Mw	61 kDa
PTM	Phosphorylated on serine and threonine upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated on tyrosine following B-cell activation. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by LYN.