

ARG21345 anti-CD16 antibody [GRM1]

Package: 100 µg
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [GRM1] recognizes CD16
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	ELISA, FACS, IHC-Fr, IP, WB
Specificity	Human CD16.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	GRM1
Isotype	IgG2a, kappa
Target Name	CD16
Species	Human
Immunogen	Mononuclear cells from a prolymphocytic B-leukemia
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	FCR11A; FcR11a; CD antigen CD16a; Fc-gamma R111-alpha; FCR-10; FcR-10; FCR11; FCG3; Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor 111-A; FCGR11; CD16; Fc-gamma R111a; IgG Fc receptor 111-2; IMD20; CD16A; IGFR3; CD16a antigen; FCGR3; FcR11; Fc-gamma R11

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	FACS	< 1 µg/10 ⁶ cells
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	BBS (pH 8.2)
Concentration	0.1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links	GeneID: 2214 Human Swiss-port # P08637 Human
Gene Symbol	FCGR3A
Gene Full Name	Fc fragment of IgG, low affinity IIIa, receptor (CD16a)
Background	This gene encodes a receptor for the Fc portion of immunoglobulin G, and it is involved in the removal of antigen-antibody complexes from the circulation, as well as other other antibody-dependent responses. This gene (FCGR3A) is highly similar to another nearby gene (FCGR3B) located on chromosome 1. The receptor encoded by this gene is expressed on natural killer (NK) cells as an integral membrane glycoprotein anchored through a transmembrane peptide, whereas FCGR3B is expressed on polymorphonuclear neutrophils (PMN) where the receptor is anchored through a phosphatidylinositol (PI) linkage. Mutations in this gene have been linked to susceptibility to recurrent viral infections, susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus, and alloimmune neonatal neutropenia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Receptor for the Fc region of IgG. Binds complexed or aggregated IgG and also monomeric IgG. Mediates antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) and other antibody-dependent responses, such as phagocytosis. [UniProt]
Highlight	Related products: CD16 antibodies ; CD16 ELISA Kits ; CD16 Duos / Panels ; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies ; Related news: Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)
Research Area	Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; General Lymphocyte Marker Study antibody; Natural killer cells antibody
Calculated Mw	29 kDa
PTM	Glycosylated. Contains high mannose- and complex-type oligosaccharides. Glycosylation at Asn-180 is mandatory for high affinity binding to the Fc and for discrimination between fucosylated and afucosylated IgG glycoforms. The soluble form is produced by a proteolytic cleavage.