

ARG22061
anti-CD90 / Thy 1 antibody [G7] (low endotoxin)Package: 250 µg
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Azide free and low endotoxin Rat Monoclonal antibody [G7] recognizes CD90 / Thy 1
Tested Reactivity	Ms
Tested Application	Cell-Act , FACS, IHC-P, IP
Specificity	Mouse CD90 (Thy-1.1 and Thy1.2 alloantigens/CD90.1 and CD90.2). The clone G7 stimulates T-cell proliferation and IL-2 secretion via signaling through the T-cell receptor/CD3 complex. G7 has also been reported to promote apoptosis of thymocytes and CTL clones and to mediate adhesion of thymocytes to thymic stroma.
Host	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	G7
Isotype	IgG2c, kappa
Target Name	CD90 / Thy 1
Species	Mouse
Immunogen	Mouse T cell hybridoma C6/G8
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Thy-1 membrane glycoprotein; Thy-1 antigen; CD antigen CD90; CDw90; CD90

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	Cell-Act	Assay-dependent
	FACS	Assay-dependent
	IHC-P	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification Note	Low endotoxin
Buffer	PBS
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw

cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links

[GeneID: 21838 Mouse](#)

[Swiss-port # P01831 Mouse](#)

Gene Symbol

THY1

Gene Full Name

thymus cell antigen 1, theta

Background

This gene encodes a cell surface glycoprotein and member of the immunoglobulin superfamily of proteins. The encoded protein is involved in cell adhesion and cell communication in numerous cell types, but particularly in cells of the immune and nervous systems. The encoded protein is widely used as a marker for hematopoietic stem cells. This gene may function as a tumor suppressor in nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]

Function

May play a role in cell-cell or cell-ligand interactions during synaptogenesis and other events in the brain. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw

18 kDa