

Product datasheet

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ARG22542 anti-IL10R subunit alpha antibody [1B1.3a]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rat Monoclonal antibody [1B1.3a] recognizes IL10R subunit alpha

Tested Reactivity Ms
Species Does Not React With Hu
Tested Application FACS

Host Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 1B1.3a Isotype IgG1

Target Name IL10R subunit alpha

Species Mouse

Immunogen Purified recombinant extracellular region of mouse CDw210a.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IL-10R subunit alpha; CD210a; HIL-10R; Interleukin-10 receptor subunit alpha; IL-10R1; IL-10 receptor

subunit alpha; IL10R; Interleukin-10 receptor subunit 1; IL-10R subunit 1; CDw210a; CDW210A; IL-10RA;

CD antigen CD210; CD210

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:10 - 1:100
Application Note	FACS: Due to low expression of CDw210a, sensitive staining techniques may be required. Use 10 μ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μ l. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol II10ra

Gene Full Name interleukin 10 receptor, alpha

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for interleukin 10. This protein is structurally related to

interferon receptors. It has been shown to mediate the immunosuppressive signal of interleukin 10, and thus inhibits the synthesis of proinflammatory cytokines. This receptor is reported to promote survival of progenitor myeloid cells through the insulin receptor substrate-2/PI 3-kinase/AKT pathway. Activation of this receptor leads to tyrosine phosphorylation of JAK1 and TYK2 kinases. Two transcript variants, one protein-coding and the other not protein-coding, have been found for this gene. [provided

by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

Function Receptor for IL10; binds IL10 with a high affinity. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 63 kDa