

# Product datasheet

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# ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

# **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [OX-38] recognizes CD4

This antibody recognizes the rat CD4 cell surface antigen, also known as W3/25 antigen or T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3. CD4 is a 430 amino acid  $^5$ 5 kDa single pass type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed by T helper cells, monocytes and macrophages. Clone OX-38 competes for binding with Mouse anti Rat CD4 antibody, clone W3/25. Mouse anti Rat CD4 (Domain 1) antibody, clone OX-38 has been utilized successfully for the in vitro depletion of T helper cells from slice cultures in studies looking at myelin loss in multiple sclerosis, the observed disruption being abrogated in these experimental

conditions by T-cell depletion (Pusic et al. 2015).

Tested Reactivity Rat

Tested Application FACS, IHC-Fr, IP

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone OX-38
Isotype IgG2a
Target Name CD4
Species Rat

Immunogen MLR generated rat T cells.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CD4mut; CD antigen CD4; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4; T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:100 - 1:200
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein G.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide
Concentration	1 mg/ml

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Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Cd4

Gene Full Name Cd4 molecule

Background CD4 is a membrane glycoprotein of T lymphocytes that interacts with major histocompatibility complex

class II antigenes and is also a receptor for the human immunodeficiency virus. This gene is expressed not only in T lymphocytes, but also in B cells, macrophages, and granulocytes. It is also expressed in specific regions of the brain. The protein functions to initiate or augment the early phase of T-cell activation, and may function as an important mediator of indirect neuronal damage in infectious and immune-mediated diseases of the central nervous system. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified in this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010]

Function CD4 is an integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and

serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T-helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T-helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature

macrophages. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

<u>CD4 antibodies;</u> <u>CD4 ELISA Kits;</u> <u>CD4 Duos / Panels;</u> <u>Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;</u>

Related news:

New antibody panels and duos for Tumor immune microenvironment

Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Regulatory T cells Study antibody; T-cell

infiltration Study antibody; Tumor-infiltrating Lymphocyte Study antibody

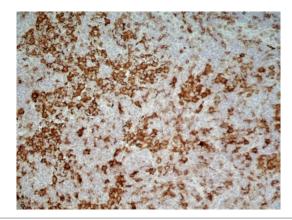
Calculated Mw 51 kDa

PTM Palmitoylation and association with LCK contribute to the enrichment of CD4 in lipid rafts.



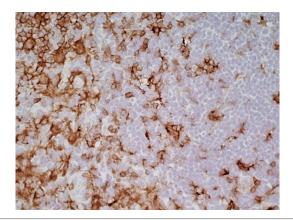
## ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38] IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Rat lymph node cryosection stained with ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38]. (Low power).



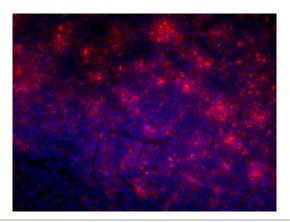
#### ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38] IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Rat lymph node cryosection stained with ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38]. (Medium power).



## ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38] IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Rat lymph node cryosection stained with ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38]. (High power).



#### ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38] IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Rat lymph node cryosection stained with ARG22571 anti-CD4 antibody [OX-38]. Nuclei are counterstained blue with DAPI.