

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG22929 anti-CD161 antibody [10/78] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description FITC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [10/78] recognizes CD161

Mouse anti Rat CD161 antibody, clone 10/78 recognizes the rat Killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily B protein, also known as NKR-PI or CD161. CD161 is a 233 amino acid ~60 kDa type II single pass protein containing a single C-type lectin domain. CD161 is expressed on rat NK cells and T cell subpopulations. CD161 exists in 2 forms NKR-Pla and NKR-Plb, clone 10/78 Â recognizes both forms of CD161 (Li et al. 2003). Clone 10/78 competes with another anti CD161 clone, 3.2.3 for binding to antigen. Mouse anti Rat CD161 antibody, clone 10/78 has been successfully employed for the in vivo depletion of rat NK

cells in an experimental obesity model (Wrann et al. 2010).

Tested Reactivity Rat

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 10/78

Isotype lgG1

Target Name CD161

Species Rat

Immunogen Purified splenic NK cells from the LEW Rat strain.

Conjugation

Alternate Names CLEC5B; CD antigen CD161; CD161; NKR-P1; NKR-P1A; Killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily B

member 1; NKRP1A; NKR; HNKR-P1a; Natural killer cell surface protein P1A; C-type lectin domain family

5 member B; hNKR-P1A

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat - 1:10
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations	

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Kirb1a

Gene Full Name killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily B, member 1A

Background Natural killer (NK) cells are lymphocytes that mediate cytotoxicity and secrete cytokines after immune

stimulation. Several genes of the C-type lectin superfamily, including the rodent NKRP1 family of glycoproteins, are expressed by NK cells and may be involved in the regulation of NK cell function. The KLRB1 protein contains an extracellular domain with several motifs characteristic of C-type lectins, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain. The KLRB1 protein is classified as a type II membrane protein because it has an external C terminus. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Plays an inhibitory role on natural killer (NK) cells cytotoxicity. Activation results in specific ac

Plays an inhibitory role on natural killer (NK) cells cytotoxicity. Activation results in specific acid sphingomyelinase/SMPD1 stimulation with subsequent marked elevation of intracellular ceramide. Activation also leads to AKT1/PKB and RPS6KA1/RSK1 kinases stimulation as well as markedly enhanced T-cell proliferation induced by anti-CD3. Acts as a lectin that binds to the terminal carbohydrate Galalpha(1,3)Gal epitope as well as to the N-acetyllactosamine epitope. Binds also to CLEC2D/LLT1 as a ligand and inhibits NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity as well as interferon-gamma secretion in target cells.

[UniProt]

Calculated Mw 25 kDa

PTM N-glycosylated. Contains sialic acid residues.