

ARG22972 anti-CD29 / Integrin beta 1 antibody [4B7R]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary	
Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [4B7R] recognizes CD29 / Integrin beta 1 Mouse anti Human CD29 monoclonal antibody, clone 4B7R recognizes the human integrin beta 1 subunit, also known as CD29, a ~130 kDa (red) 115 kDa (non-red) single pass type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed by most leucocytes and mesenchymal stem cells.Integrin receptors are involved in the regulation of a variety of important biological functions, including embryonic development, wound repair, hemostasis and prevention of programmed cell death. They are also implicated in abnormal pathological states such as tumor directed angiogenesis, tumor cell growth, and metastasis. Surface expression of CD29 on human natural killer cells can be reduced by pretreatment with the glutathione-S-transferase inhibitor diethyl maleate (Horvath-Arcidiacono et al. 2003)
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-P, IP
Specificity	The clone 4B7R recognizes all CD29 / Integrin beta 1 conformations (total CD29 / Integrin beta 1).
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	4B7R
Isotype	lgG1
Target Name	CD29 / Integrin beta 1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Occular melanoma cell line V+B2.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	CD29; Glycoprotein IIa; Fibronectin receptor subunit beta; VLAB; MSK12; CD antigen CD29; FNRB; GPIIA; VLA-4 subunit beta; VLA-BETA; MDF2; Integrin beta-1

Application Instructions

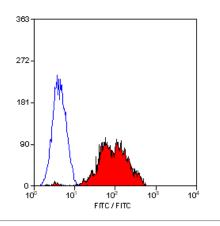
Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:25 - 1:50
	IHC-P	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 10 μl of the s	uires antigen retrieval using heat treatment prior to staining of paraffin sections. suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 µl. recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations by the scientist.

Properties

Purification	Purification with Protein G.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	ITGB1
Gene Full Name	integrin, beta 1 (fibronectin receptor, beta polypeptide, antigen CD29 includes MDF2, MSK12)
Background	Integrins are heterodimeric proteins made up of alpha and beta subunits. At least 18 alpha and 8 beta subunits have been described in mammals. Integrin family members are membrane receptors involved in cell adhesion and recognition in a variety of processes including embryogenesis, hemostasis, tissue repair, immune response and metastatic diffusion of tumor cells. This gene encodes a beta subunit. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants which encode different protein isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Integrins alpha-1/beta-1, alpha-2/beta-1, alpha-10/beta-1 and alpha-11/beta-1 are receptors for collagen. Integrins alpha-1/beta-1 and alpha-2/beta-2 recognize the proline-hydroxylated sequence G-F-P-G-E-R in collagen. Integrins alpha-2/beta-1, alpha-3/beta-1, alpha-4/beta-1, alpha-5/beta-1, alpha-8/beta-1, alpha-10/beta-1, alpha-11/beta-1 and alpha-V/beta-1 are receptors for fibronectin. Alpha-4/beta-1 recognizes one or more domains within the alternatively spliced CS-1 and CS-5 regions of fibronectin. Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for fibrinogen. Integrin alpha-1/beta-1, alpha-2/beta-1, alpha-6/beta-1 and alpha-7/beta-1 are receptors for lamimin. Integrin alpha-4/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1. Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1. Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 is a receptor for vVCAM1. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 is a receptor for vVCAM1. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 is a receptor for vitronectin. Beta-1 integrins recognize the sequence R-G-D in a vide array of ligands. Isoform 2 interferes with isoform 1 resulting in a dominant negative effect on cell adhesion and migration (in vitro). In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis. Involved in osteoblast compaction. Involved in promoting endothelial cell motility and angiogenesis. Involved in osteoblast compaction through the fibronectin fibrillogenesis cell-mediated matrix assembly process and the formation of mineralized bone nodules. May be involved in up-regulation of the activity of kinases such as PKC via binding to KRT1. Together with KRT1 and GNB2L1/RACK1, serves as a platform for SRC activation or inactivation. Plays a mechanistic adhesive role during telophase, required for the successful completion of cytokinesis. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 provides a docking site for FAP (seprase) at invadopodia plasma membranes in a collagen-dependent
Calculated Mw	88 kDa
PTM	The cysteine residues are involved in intrachain disulfide bonds.



ARG22972 anti-CD29 / Integrin beta 1 antibody [4B7R] FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with ARG22972 anti-CD29 / Integrin beta 1 antibody [4B7R].