

Product datasheet

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ARG23353 anti-ADAM10 / KUZ / MADM antibody [11G2] (azide free)

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Azide free Mouse Monoclonal antibody [11G2] recognizes ADAM10 / KUZ / MADM

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application FACS, IP, WB

Specificity This antibody recognizes the ADAM-10 protein, either the 70 kDa form or the 97 kDa precursor form.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 11G2 Isotype IgG1

Target Name ADAM10 / KUZ / MADM

Species Human

ImmunogenJurkat cell lineConjugationUn-conjugated

Alternate Names Kuzbanian protein homolog; kuz; HsT18717; MADM; RAK; EC 3.4.24.81; ADAM 10; AD18; CDw156;

Mammalian disintegrin-metalloprotease; CD antigen CD156c; AD10; Disintegrin and metalloproteinase

domain-containing protein 10; CD156c

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification Note	Sterile-filtered through 0.22 μm .
Buffer	PBS
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol ADAM10

Gene Full Name ADAM metallopeptidase domain 10

Background Members of the ADAM family are cell surface proteins with a unique structure possessing both

potential adhesion and protease domains. This gene encodes and ADAM family member that cleaves

many proteins including TNF-alpha and E-cadherin. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Cleaves the membrane-bound precursor of TNF-alpha at '76-Ala-|-Val-77' to its mature soluble form.

Responsible for the proteolytical release of soluble JAM3 from endothelial cells surface. Responsible for the proteolytic release of several other cell-surface proteins, including heparin-binding epidermal growth-like factor, ephrin-A2 and for constitutive and regulated alpha-secretase cleavage of amyloid precursor protein (APP). Contributes to the normal cleavage of the cellular prion protein. Involved in the cleavage of the adhesion molecule L1 at the cell surface and in released membrane vesicles, suggesting a vesicle-based protease activity. Controls also the proteolytic processing of Notch and mediates lateral inhibition during neurogenesis. Responsible for the FasL ectodomain shedding and for the generation of the remnant ADAM10-processed FasL (FasL APL) transmembrane form. Also cleaves the ectodomain of the integral membrane proteins CORIN and ITM2B. May regulate the EFNA5-EPHA3

signaling. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 84 kDa

PTM The precursor is cleaved by a furin endopeptidase. [UniProt]