

## Product datasheet

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# ARG23385 anti-CD68 antibody [ED1] (Biotin)

Package: 50 tests Store at: 4°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Biotin-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [ED1] recognizes CD68

Mouse anti rat CD68, clone ED1 recognizes the rat ED1 antigen. The ED1 antigen is expressed on most macrophages populations, as well as on monocytes and is considered as a pan-macrophage marker in

the rat.

Tested Reactivity Rat, Bov

Species Does Not React With Hrs

Tested Application IHC-Fr

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone ED1

Isotype IgG1

Target Name CD68

Species Rat

Immunogen Rat spleen cells

Conjugation Biotin

Alternate Names Macrosialin; CD antigen CD68; LAMP4; Gp110; GP110; SCARD1

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-Fr	1:10
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

 $repeated \ freeze/thaw\ cycles.\ Suggest\ spin\ the\ vial\ prior\ to\ opening.\ The\ antibody\ solution\ should\ be$ 

gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CD68

Gene Full Name CD68 molecule

Background CD68 is a 110-kD transmembrane glycoprotein that is highly expressed by human monocytes and tissue

macrophages. It is a member of the lysosomal/endosomal-associated membrane glycoprotein (LAMP) family. The protein primarily localizes to lysosomes and endosomes with a smaller fraction circulating to the cell surface. It is a type I integral membrane protein with a heavily glycosylated extracellular domain and binds to tissue- and organ-specific lectins or selectins. The protein is also a member of the scavenger receptor family. Scavenger receptors typically function to clear cellular debris, promote phagocytosis, and mediate the recruitment and activation of macrophages. Alternative splicing results

in multiple transcripts encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Function** CD68 could play a role in phagocytic activities of tissue macrophages, both in intracellular lysosomal

metabolism and extracellular cell-cell and cell-pathogen interactions. Binds to tissue- and organ-specific lectins or selectins, allowing homing of macrophage subsets to particular sites. Rapid recirculation of CD68 from endosomes and lysosomes to the plasma membrane may allow macrophages to crawl over

selectin-bearing substrates or other cells. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD68 antibodies; CD68 Duos / Panels; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

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Research Area Immune System antibody; Activated Macrophage/Microglia Study antibody; Neuroinflammation Study

antibody; Active macroglial Marker antibody; M1/M2/TAM Marker antibody; Macrophage Marker

antibody; M1 macrophage Marker antibody; Inflammatory Cell Marker antibody

Calculated Mw 37 kDa

PTM N- and O-glycosylated. [UniProt]