

Product datasheet

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ARG40338 anti-APLP1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes APLP1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name APLP1

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 39-300 of Human APLP1 (NP_005157.1).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names APLP; Amyloid-like protein 1; APLP-1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	HeLa	
Observed Size	68 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol APLP1

Gene Full Name amyloid beta (A4) precursor-like protein 1

Background This gene encodes a member of the highly conserved amyloid precursor protein gene family. The

encoded protein is a membrane-associated glycoprotein that is cleaved by secretases in a manner similar to amyloid beta A4 precursor protein cleavage. This cleavage liberates an intracellular cytoplasmic fragment that may act as a transcriptional activator. The encoded protein may also play a role in synaptic maturation during cortical development. Alternatively spliced transcript variants

encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function May play a role in postsynaptic function. The C-terminal gamma-secretase processed fragment, ALID1,

activates transcription activation through APBB1 (Fe65) binding (By similarity). Couples to JIP signal transduction through C-terminal binding. May interact with cellular G-protein signaling pathways. Can regulate neurite outgrowth through binding to components of the extracellular matrix such as heparin

and collagen I.

The gamma-CTF peptide, C30, is a potent enhancer of neuronal apoptosis. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 72 kDa

PTM Proteolytically cleaved by caspases during neuronal apoptosis. Cleaved, in vitro, at Asp-620 by

caspase-3 (By similarity).

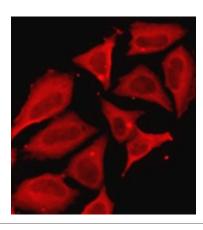
N- and O-glycosylated. O-glycosylation with core 1 or possibly core 8 glycans. Glycosylation on Ser-227

is the preferred site to Thr-228. [UniProt]

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. C30: Cytoplasm. Note=C-terminally processed in

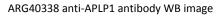
the Golgi complex. [UniProt]

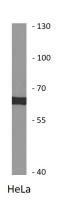
Images



ARG40338 anti-APLP1 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: HeLa cells stained with ARG40338 anti-APLP1 antibody.





Western blot: 25 μg of HeLa cell lysate stained with ARG40338 anti-APLP1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.