

## ARG40451 anti-MGAT2 antibody

Package: 100 µl  
Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes MGAT2
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	MGAT2
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 178-447 of Human MGAT2 (NP_002399.1).
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Mannoside acetylglucosaminyltransferase 2; GNT-II; Alpha-1,6-mannosyl-glycoprotein 2-beta-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase; GLCNACTII; EC 2.4.1.143; CDGS2; CDG2A; N-glycosyl-oligosaccharide-glycoprotein N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase II; Beta-1,2-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase II; GlcNAc-T II; GNT2

### Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:200 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Mouse kidney	
Observed Size	60 kDa	

### Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

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Gene Symbol	MGAT2
Gene Full Name	mannosyl (alpha-1,6-)-glycoprotein beta-1,2-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase
Background	The product of this gene is a Golgi enzyme catalyzing an essential step in the conversion of oligomannose to complex N-glycans. The enzyme has the typical glycosyltransferase domains: a short N-terminal cytoplasmic domain, a hydrophobic non-cleavable signal-anchor domain, and a C-terminal catalytic domain. Mutations in this gene may lead to carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome, type II. The coding region of this gene is intronless. Transcript variants with a spliced 5' UTR may exist, but their biological validity has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Catalyzes an essential step in the conversion of oligo-mannose to complex N-glycans. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	52 kDa
Cellular Localization	Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. [UniProt]

## Images

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