

ARG40759 anti-USO1 antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes USO1
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Rat
Tested Application	ICC/IF, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	USO1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 663-962 of Human USO1 (NP_003706.2).
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Protein USO1 homolog; VDP; TAP; Transcytosis-associated protein; Vesicle-docking protein; P115; General vesicular transport factor p115

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	SGC7901	

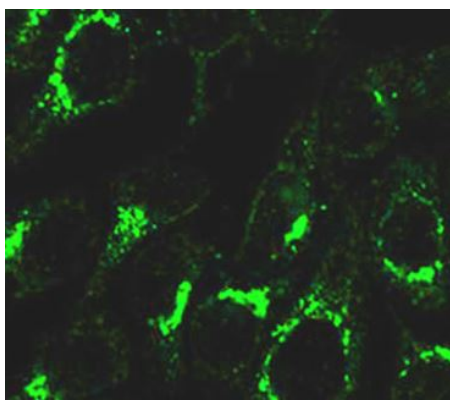
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

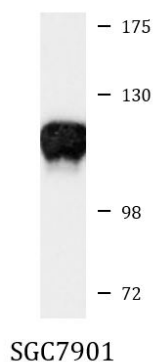
Gene Symbol	USO1
Gene Full Name	USO1 vesicle transport factor
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a peripheral membrane protein which recycles between the cytosol and the Golgi apparatus during interphase. It is regulated by phosphorylation: dephosphorylated protein associates with the Golgi membrane and dissociates from the membrane upon phosphorylation. Ras-associated protein 1 recruits this protein to coat protein complex II (COPII) vesicles during budding from the endoplasmic reticulum, where it interacts with a set of COPII vesicle-associated SNAREs to form a cis-SNARE complex that promotes targeting to the Golgi apparatus. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]
Function	General vesicular transport factor required for intercisternal transport in the Golgi stack; it is required for transcytotic fusion and/or subsequent binding of the vesicles to the target membrane. May well act as a vesicular anchor by interacting with the target membrane and holding the vesicular and target membranes in proximity (By similarity). [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	108 kDa
PTM	Phosphorylated in a cell cycle-specific manner; phosphorylated in interphase but not in mitotic cells. Dephosphorylated protein associates with the Golgi membrane; phosphorylation promotes dissociation. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Recycles between the cytosol and the Golgi apparatus during interphase. During interphase, the phosphorylated form is found exclusively in cytosol; the unphosphorylated form is associated with Golgi apparatus membranes. [UniProt]

Images



ARG40759 anti-USO1 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: HeLa cells stained with ARG40759 anti-USO1 antibody at 1:200 dilution.



ARG40759 anti-USO1 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 µg of SGC7901 cell lysate stained with ARG40759 anti-USO1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.