

Product datasheet

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ARG40797 anti-GDF9 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GDF9

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name GDF9

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 205-454 of Human GDF9 (NP_005251.1).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names GDF-9; Growth/differentiation factor 9

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	293T	
Observed Size	50 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol GDF9

Gene Full Name growth differentiation factor 9

Background This gene encodes a member of the transforming growth factor-beta superfamily. The encoded

preproprotein is processed into a secreted factor that is required for ovarian folliculogenesis.

Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]

Function Required for ovarian folliculogenesis. Promotes primordial follicle development. Stimulates granulosa

cell proliferation. Promotes cell transition from GO/G1 to S and G2/M phases, through an increase of CCND1 and CCNE1 expression, and RB1 phosphorylation. It regulates STAR expression and cAMP-dependent progesterone release in granulosa and thecal cells. Attenuates the suppressive effects of activin A on STAR expression and progesterone production by increasing the expression of inhibin B. It

suppresses FST and FSTL3 production in granulosa-lutein cells. [UniProt]

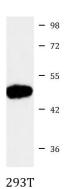
Calculated Mw 51 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated; phosphorylation is critical for GDF9 function. In vitro, can be phosphorylated by CK at

Ser-325. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Secreted. [UniProt]

Images



ARG40797 anti-GDF9 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of 293T cell lysate stained with ARG40797 anti-GDF9 antibody at 1:3000 dilution.