

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

# ARG41668 anti-FKBP12 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

## Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes FKBP12

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name FKBP12
Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide of Human FKBP12.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Immunophilin FKBP12; PKC12; FKBP12; FK506-binding protein 1A; PPlase FKBP1A; Rotamase;

Calstabin-1; Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1A; PKCl2; 12 kDa FKBP; EC 5.2.1.8; PPIASE; FKBP1;

FKBP-1A; 12 kDa FK506-binding protein; FKBP-12

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	SH-SY5Y	
Observed Size	~ 12 kDa	

# **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Background

Gene Symbol FKBP1A

Gene Full Name FK506 binding protein 1A, 12kDa

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the immunophilin protein family, which play a role in immunoregulation and basic cellular processes involving protein folding and trafficking. The protein is a cis-trans prolyl isomerase that binds the immunosuppressants FK506 and rapamycin. It interacts with several intracellular signal transduction proteins including type I TGF-beta receptor. It also interacts with multiple intracellular calcium release channels, and coordinates multi-protein complex formation of the tetrameric skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor. In mouse, deletion of this homologous gene causes congenital heart disorder known as noncompaction of left ventricular myocardium. Multiple alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified. The human genome contains five pseudogenes related to this gene, at least one of which is transcribed. [provided by

RefSeq, Sep 2008]

Function Keeps in an inactive conformation TGFBR1, the TGF-beta type I serine/threonine kinase receptor,

preventing TGF-beta receptor activation in absence of ligand. Recruites SMAD7 to ACVR1B which prevents the association of SMAD2 and SMAD3 with the activin receptor complex, thereby blocking the activin signal. May modulate the RYR1 calcium channel activity. PPlases accelerate the folding of proteins. It catalyzes the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds in oligopeptides.

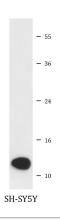
[UniProt]

Calculated Mw 12 kDa

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm, cytosol. Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic

side. [UniProt]

### **Images**



#### ARG41668 anti-FKBP12 antibody WB image

Western blot: SH-SY5Y cell lysate stained with ARG41668 anti-FKBP12 antibody.  $\label{eq:KBP12}$