

Product datasheet

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ARG41745 anti-BACH1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes BACH1

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IP, WB
Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name BACH1
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 1-320 of Human BACH1 (NP_996749.1).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Transcription regulator protein BACH1; BTBD24; BTB and CNC homolog 1; BACH-1; HA2303

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|-----------------|
| | IP | Assay-dependent |
| | WB | 1:500 - 1:2000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol BACH1

Gene Full Name BTB and CNC homology 1, basic leucine zipper transcription factor 1

Background This gene encodes a transcription factor that belongs to the cap'n'collar type of basic region leucine

zipper factor family (CNC-bZip). The encoded protein contains broad complex, tramtrack, bric-a-brac/poxvirus and zinc finger (BTB/POZ) domains, which is atypical of CNC-bZip family members. These BTB/POZ domains facilitate protein-protein interactions and formation of homo- and/or hetero-oligomers. When this encoded protein forms a heterodimer with MafK, it functions as a repressor of Maf recognition element (MARE) and transcription is repressed. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript

variants have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009]

Function Transcriptional regulator that acts as repressor or activator. Binds, in vitro, to NF-E2 binding sites. Play

important roles in coordinating transcription activation and repression by MAFK. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 82 kDa

Cellular Localization Nucleus. [UniProt]