

ARG42174 anti-HLA DQA1 + HLA DQA2 antibody

Package: 50 µg
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes HLA DQA1 + HLA DQA2
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	WB
Specificity	This antibody is expected to recognize: NP_064440.1 (HLA DQA2; GeneID: 3118) and also the very similar NP_002113.2 (HLA DQA1; GeneID:3117).
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	HLA DQA1 + HLA DQA2
Species	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide around the C-terminus of Human HLA DQA1 / HLA DQA2. (C-QGLRSGASRH) (NP_064440.1; NP_002113.2)
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	HLA DQA1: HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DQ alpha 1 chain; CELIAC1; HLA-DQA; MHC class II DQA1; CD; HLA-DCA; DC-alpha; GSE; DQ-A1; DC-1 alpha chain HLA DQA2: MHC class II DQA2; DX alpha chain; HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DQ; HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DQ alpha 2 chain; HLA-DXA; 6; HLA-DQA1; DX-ALPHA

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1 - 3 µg/ml
Application Note	WB: Recommend incubate at RT for 1h. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human bone marrow	
Observed Size	~ 28 kDa	

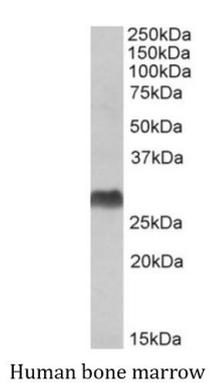
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified
Buffer	Tris saline (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	0.5% BSA

Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	HLA-DQA1; HLA-DQA2
Gene Full Name	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DQ alpha 1 major histocompatibility complex, class II, DQ alpha 2
Background	HLA-DQA1 belongs to the HLA class II alpha chain paralogues. The class II molecule is a heterodimer consisting of an alpha (DQA) and a beta chain (DQB), both anchored in the membrane. It plays a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from extracellular proteins. Class II molecules are expressed in antigen presenting cells (APC: B Lymphocytes, dendritic cells, macrophages). The alpha chain is approximately 33-35 kDa. It is encoded by 5 exons; exon 1 encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the two extracellular domains, and exon 4 encodes the transmembrane domain and the cytoplasmic tail. Within the DQ molecule both the alpha chain and the beta chain contain the polymorphisms specifying the peptide binding specificities, resulting in up to four different molecules. Typing for these polymorphisms is routinely done for bone marrow transplantation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Binds peptides derived from antigens that access the endocytic route of antigen presenting cells (APC) and presents them on the cell surface for recognition by the CD4 T-cells. The peptide binding cleft accommodates peptides of 10-30 residues. The peptides presented by MHC class II molecules are generated mostly by degradation of proteins that access the endocytic route, where they are processed by lysosomal proteases and other hydrolases. Exogenous antigens that have been endocytosed by the APC are thus readily available for presentation via MHC II molecules, and for this reason this antigen presentation pathway is usually referred to as exogenous. As membrane proteins on their way to degradation in lysosomes as part of their normal turn-over are also contained in the endosomal/lysosomal compartments, exogenous antigens must compete with those derived from endogenous components. Autophagy is also a source of endogenous peptides, autophagosomes constitutively fuse with MHC class II loading compartments. In addition to APCs, other cells of the gastrointestinal tract, such as epithelial cells, express MHC class II molecules and CD74 and act as APCs, which is an unusual trait of the GI tract. To produce a MHC class II molecule that presents an antigen, three MHC class II molecules (heterodimers of an alpha and a beta chain) associate with a CD74 trimer in the ER to form a heterononamer. Soon after the entry of this complex into the endosomal/lysosomal system where antigen processing occurs, CD74 undergoes a sequential degradation by various proteases, including CTSS and CTSL, leaving a small fragment termed CLIP (class-II-associated invariant chain peptide). The removal of CLIP is facilitated by HLA-DM via direct binding to the alpha-beta-CLIP complex so that CLIP is released. HLA-DM stabilizes MHC class II molecules until primary high affinity antigenic peptides are bound. The MHC II molecule bound to a peptide is then transported to the cell membrane surface. In B-cells, the interaction between HLA-DM and MHC class II molecules is regulated by HLA-DO. Primary dendritic cells (DCs) also to express HLA-DO. Lysosomal microenvironment has been implicated in the regulation of antigen loading into MHC II molecules, increased acidification produces increased proteolysis and efficient peptide loading. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	HLA DQA1 and HLA DQA2: 28 kDa
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=The MHC class II complex transits through a number of intracellular compartments in the endocytic pathway until it reaches the cell membrane for antigen presentation. [UniProt]



ARG42174 anti-HLA DQA1 + HLA DQA2 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 µg of Human bone marrow lysate (in RIPA buffer) stained with ARG42174 anti-HLA DQA1 + HLA DQA2 antibody at 1 µg/ml dilution and incubated at RT for 1 hour.