

Product datasheet

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ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Host

Product Description Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes E Cadherin

Goat

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat, Dog, Mk

Tested Application WB

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name E Cadherin

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant peptide within aa. 750-850 of Human E Cadherin.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Uvomorulin; Arc-1; Cadherin-1; E-cadherin; CDHE; CD antigen CD324; ECAD; CAM 120/80; LCAM;

Epithelial cadherin; UVO; CD324

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	COS7	
Observed Size	~ 160 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS, 0.05% Sodium azide and 20% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 20% Glycerol

Concentration 2 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

CDH1

Gene Full Name

cadherin 1, type 1

Background

This gene encodes a classical cadherin of the cadherin superfamily. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate the mature glycoprotein. This calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion protein is comprised of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a transmembrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. Mutations in this gene are correlated with gastric, breast, colorectal, thyroid and ovarian cancer. Loss of function of this gene is thought to contribute to cancer progression by increasing proliferation, invasion, and/or metastasis. The ectodomain of this protein mediates bacterial adhesion to mammalian cells and the cytoplasmic domain is required for internalization. This gene is present in a gene cluster with other members of the cadherin family on chromosome 16. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]

Function

Cadherins are calcium-dependent cell adhesion proteins (PubMed:11976333). They preferentially interact with themselves in a homophilic manner in connecting cells; cadherins may thus contribute to the sorting of heterogeneous cell types. CDH1 is involved in mechanisms regulating cell-cell adhesions, mobility and proliferation of epithelial cells (PubMed:11976333). Has a potent invasive suppressor role. It is a ligand for integrin alpha-E/beta-7.

E-Cad/CTF2 promotes non-amyloidogenic degradation of Abeta precursors. Has a strong inhibitory effect on APP C99 and C83 production.

(Microbial infection) Serves as a receptor for Listeria monocytogenes; internalin A (InIA) binds to this protein and promotes uptake of the bacteria. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw

97 kDa

PTM

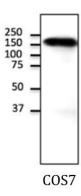
During apoptosis or with calcium influx, cleaved by a membrane-bound metalloproteinase (ADAM10), PS1/gamma-secretase and caspase-3 to produce fragments of about 38 kDa (E-CAD/CTF1), 33 kDa (E-CAD/CTF2) and 29 kDa (E-CAD/CTF3), respectively. Processing by the metalloproteinase, induced by calcium influx, causes disruption of cell-cell adhesion and the subsequent release of beta-catenin into the cytoplasm. The residual membrane-tethered cleavage product is rapidly degraded via an intracellular proteolytic pathway. Cleavage by caspase-3 releases the cytoplasmic tail resulting in disintegration of the actin microfilament system. The gamma-secretase-mediated cleavage promotes disassembly of adherens junctions.

N-glycosylation at Asn-637 is essential for expression, folding and trafficking.

Ubiquitinated by a SCF complex containing SKP2, which requires prior phosphorylation by CK1/CSNK1A1. Ubiquitinated by CBLL1/HAKAI, requires prior phosphorylation at Tyr-754. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization

Cell junction. Cell membrane. Endosome. Golgi apparatus. Note=Colocalizes with DLGAP5 at sites of cell-cell contact in intestinal epithelial cells. Anchored to actin microfilaments through association with alpha-, beta- and gamma-catenin. Sequential proteolysis induced by apoptosis or calcium influx, results in translocation from sites of cell-cell contact to the cytoplasm. Colocalizes with RAB11A endosomes during its transport from the Golgi apparatus to the plasma membrane. [UniProt]



ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody WB image

Western blot: 100 μg of COS7 cell lysate stained with ARG42500 anti-E Cadherin antibody at 1:500 dilution.