

# Product datasheet

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ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

# **Summary**

**Tested Application** 

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes MICA

IHC-P, WB

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name MICA

Species Human

Immunogen A 16 amino acid synthetic peptide within the last 50 amino acids of Human MICA.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names MHC class I polypeptide-related sequence A; PERB11.1; MIC-A

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	10 - 20 μg/ml
	WB	0.5 - 2 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	A-20	
Observed Size	~ 46 kDa	

# **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Purification** Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol MICA

Gene Full Name MHC class I polypeptide-related sequence A

Background This gene encodes the highly polymorphic major histocompatability complex class I chain-related

protein A. The protein product is expressed on the cell surface, although unlike canonical class I molecules it does not seem to associate with beta-2-microglobulin. It is a ligand for the NKG2-D type II integral membrane protein receptor. The protein functions as a stress-induced antigen that is broadly recognized by intestinal epithelial gamma delta T cells. Variations in this gene have been associated with susceptibility to psoriasis 1 and psoriatic arthritis, and the shedding of MICA-related antibodies and ligands is involved in the progression from monoclonal gammopathy of undetermined significance to multiple myeloma. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided

by RefSeq, Jan 2014]

Function Seems to have no role in antigen presentation. Acts as a stress-induced self-antigen that is recognized

by gamma delta T-cells. Ligand for the KLRK1/NKG2D receptor. Binding to KLRK1 leads to cell lysis.

[UniProt]

Calculated Mw 43 kDa

PTM N-glycosylated. Glycosylation is not essential for interaction with KLRK1/NKG2D but enhances complex

formation.

Proteolytically cleaved and released from the cell surface of tumor cells which impairs KLRK1/NKG2D

expression and T-cell activation. [UniProt]

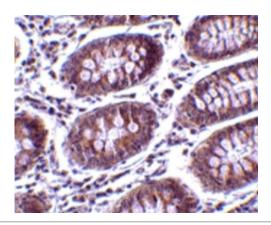
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Note=Expressed on the cell surface in

gastric epithelium, endothelial cells and fibroblasts and in the cytoplasm in keratinocytes and

monocytes. Infection with human adenovirus 5 suppresses cell surface expression due to the adenoviral

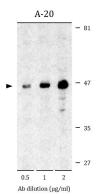
E3-19K protein which causes retention in the endoplasmic reticulum. [UniProt]

#### **Images**



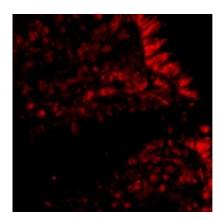
#### ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human colon tissue stained with ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody at 10  $\mu$ g/ml dilution.



# ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody WB image

Western blot: A-20 cell lysates stained with ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody at 0.5, 1 and 2  $\mu g/ml$  dilution.



# ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody IHC image

Immunohistochemistry: Human colon tissue stained with ARG42662 anti-MICA antibody at 20  $\mu g/ml$  dilution.