

Product datasheet

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ARG43390 anti-YTHDF1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Isotype

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes YTHDF1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Hm

Tested Application IP, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Target Name YTHDF1
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of Human YTHDF1.

IgG

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names DACA-1; Dermatomyositis associated with cancer putative autoantigen 1; C20orf21; YTH domain-

containing family protein 1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IP	1:20
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	HeLa	
Observed Size	~ 60 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer 50 mM Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4), 150 mM NaCl, 0.01% Sodium azide, 40% Glycerol and 0.05% BSA.

Preservative 0.01% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 40% Glycerol and 0.05% BSA

Concentration Batch dependent

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

YTHDF1

Gene Full Name

YTH N(6)-methyladenosine RNA binding protein 1

Function

Specifically recognizes and binds N6-methyladenosine (m6A)-containing mRNAs, and promotes mRNA translation efficiency (PubMed:24284625, PubMed:26046440, PubMed:26318451). M6A is a modification present at internal sites of mRNAs and some non-coding RNAs and plays a role in the efficiency of mRNA splicing, processing and stability (PubMed:24284625). Acts as a regulator of mRNA translation efficiency: promotes ribosome loading to m6A-containing mRNAs and interacts with translation initiation factors eIF3 (EIF3A or EIF3B) to facilitate translation initiation (PubMed:26046440). Required to facilitate learning and memory formation in the hippocampus by enhancing protein synthesis upon neuronal stimulation: in response to neuronal stimulation, binds to m6A-containing neuronal mRNAs, promoting their translation, thereby contributing to learning and memory (By similarity). Acts as a regulator of axon guidance by binding to m6A-containing ROBO3 transcripts, thereby promoting their translation (By similarity). Acts as a negative regulator of antigen crosspresentation in myeloid dendritic cells (By similarity). Acts by binding and promoting translation of m6Acontaining transcripts encoding proteins involved in lysosomal degradation and phagosome maturation. leading to increased antigen degradation in myeloid dendritic cells (By similarity). In the context of tumorigenesis, negative regulation of antigen cross-presentation limits the anti-tumor response by reducing efficiency of tumor-antigen cross-presentation (By similarity). [UniProt]

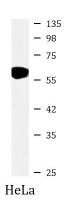
Calculated Mw

61 kDa

Cellular Localization

Cytoplasm. [UniProt]

Images



ARG43390 anti-YTHDF1 antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa cell lysate stained with ARG43390 anti-YTHDF1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.