

Product datasheet

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ARG51537 anti-ATF2 phospho (Ser112 or Ser94) antibody

Package: 100 μl, 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes ATF2 phospho (Ser112 or Ser94)

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat **Tested Application** IHC-P, WB Host Rabbit

Polyclonal Clonality

Isotype IgG **Target Name** ATF2

Species Human

Immunogen Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 112 or 94 (D-L-S(p)-P-L) derived from Human

ATF2.

1 mg/ml

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names EC 2.3.1.48; Histone acetyltransferase ATF2; Activating transcription factor 2; cAMP-dependent

> transcription factor ATF-2; Cyclic AMP-dependent transcription factor ATF-2; CREB2; HB16; CREB-2; Cyclic AMP-responsive element-binding protein 2; cAMP-responsive element-binding protein 2; CRE-

BP1; cAMP response element-binding protein CRE-BP1; TREB7

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:100
	WB	1:500 - 1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Concentration

Storage instruction

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Form	Liquid
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with KLH-conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. In addition, non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.
Buffer	PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+, pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol

arigo. nuts about antibodies

For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Gene Full Name Background

Function

ATF2

activating transcription factor 2

Transcriptional activator, probably constitutive, which binds to the cAMP-responsive element (CRE) (consensus: 5'-GTGACGT[AC][AG]-3'), a sequence present in many viral and cellular promoters.

Interaction with JUN redirects JUN to bind to CRES preferentially over the 12-O-

tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate response elements (TRES) as part of an ATF2-c-Jun complex.

Transcriptional activator which regulates the transcription of various genes, including those involved in anti-apoptosis, cell growth, and DNA damage response. Dependent on its binding partner, binds to CRE (cAMP response element) consensus sequences (5'-TGACGTCA-3') or to AP-1 (activator protein 1) consensus sequences (5'-TGACTCA-3'). In the nucleus, contributes to global transcription and the DNA damage response, in addition to specific transcriptional activities that are related to cell development, proliferation and death. In the cytoplasm, interacts with and perturbs HK1- and VDAC1-containing complexes at the mitochondrial outer membrane, thereby impairing mitochondrial membrane potential, inducing mitochondrial leakage and promoting cell death. The phosphorylated form (mediated by ATM) plays a role in the DNA damage response and is involved in the ionizing radiation (IR)-induced S phase checkpoint control and in the recruitment of the MRN complex into the IR-induced foci (IRIF). Exhibits histone acetyltransferase (HAT) activity which specifically acetylates histones H2B and H4 in vitro. In concert with CUL3 and RBX1, promotes the degradation of KAT5 thereby attenuating its ability to acetylate and activate ATM. Can elicit oncogenic or tumor suppressor activities depending on the tissue

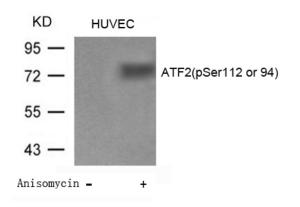
or cell type. [UniProt]

Research Area Calculated Mw PTM Gene Regulation antibody; Immune System antibody

55 kDa

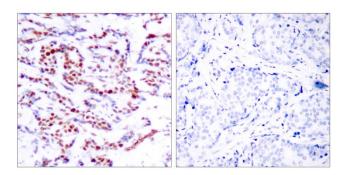
Phosphorylation of Thr-69 by MAPK14 and MAPK11, and at Thr-71 by MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1, MAPK11, MAPK12 and MAPK14 in response to external stimulus like insulin causes increased transcriptional activity. Phosphorylated by PLK3 following hyperosmotic stress. Also phosphorylated and activated by JNK and CaMK4. ATM-mediated phosphorylation at Ser-490 and Ser-498 stimulates its function in DNA damage response. Phosphorylation at Ser-62, Thr-73 and Ser-121 activates its transcriptional activity. Phosphorylation at Thr-69 or Thr-71 enhances its histone acetyltransferase (HAT) activity.

Images



ARG51537 anti-ATF2 phospho (Ser112 or Ser94) antibody WB image

Western blot: Extracts from Huvec cells untreated or treated with Anisomycin stained with ARG51537 anti-ATF2 phospho (Ser112 or Ser94) antibody.



ARG51537 anti-ATF2 phospho (Ser112 or Ser94) antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human breast carcinoma tissue stained with ARG51537 anti-ATF2 phospho (Ser112 or Ser94) antibody (left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).