

Product datasheet

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ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody

Package: 100 μl, 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes HSF1 phospho (Ser303)

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name HSF1

Species Human

Immunogen Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 303 (P-P-S(p)-P-P) derived from Human HSF1.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Heat shock transcription factor 1; Heat shock factor protein 1; HSF 1; HSTF 1; HSTF1

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| | IHC-P | 1:50 - 1:100 |
| | WB | 1:500 - 1:1000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

Note

| Form | Liquid | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Purification | Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with KLH-conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. In addition, non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide. | | |
| Buffer | PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+, pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol. | | |
| Preservative | 0.02% Sodium azide | | |
| Stabilizer | 50% Glycerol | | |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml | | |
| Storage instruction | For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use. | | |

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 3297 Human

Swiss-port # Q00613 Human

Gene Symbol HSF1

Gene Full Name heat shock transcription factor 1

Background DNA-binding protein that specifically binds heat shock promoter elements (HSE) and activates

transcription. In higher eukaryotes, HSF is unable to bind to the HSE unless the cells are heat shocked.

Function DNA-binding protein that specifically binds heat shock promoter elements (HSE) and activates

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[UniProt]

(PubMed:26754925).

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Controls and Markers antibody; Gene Regulation antibody

Calculated Mw 57 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated (PubMed:9499401, PubMed:10359787, PubMed:11583998, PubMed:26159920).

> of HSF1 transcriptional activity (PubMed:8946918, PubMed:8940068, PubMed:9121459, PubMed:16278218). Phosphorylated on Ser-121 by MAPKAPK2; this phosphorylation promotes interaction with HSP90 proteins and inhibits HSF1 homotrimerization, DNA-binding and transactivation activities (PubMed:16278218). Phosphorylation on Ser-303 by GSK3B/GSK3-beta and on Ser-307 by MAPK3 within the regulatory domain is involved in the repression of HSF1 transcriptional activity and occurs in a RAF1-dependent manner (PubMed:8946918, PubMed:8940068, PubMed:9121459, PubMed:9535852, PubMed:10747973, PubMed:12646186). Phosphorylation on Ser-303 and Ser-307 increases HSF1 nuclear export in a YWHAE- and XPO1/CRM1-dependent manner (PubMed:12917326). Phosphorylation on Ser-307 is a prerequisite for phosphorylation on Ser-303 (PubMed:8940068).

> Phosphorylated in unstressed cells; this phosphorylation is constitutive and implicated in the repression

According to PubMed:9535852, Ser-303 is not phosphorylated in unstressed cells. Phosphorylated on Ser-419 by PLK1; phosphorylation promotes nuclear translocation upon heat shock

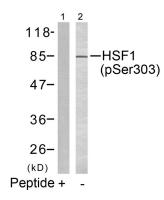
(PubMed:15661742). Hyperphosphorylated upon heat shock and during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the heat shock response (PubMed:11447121, PubMed:12659875, PubMed:24581496). Phosphorylated on Thr-142; this phosphorylation increases HSF1 transactivation activity upon heat shock (PubMed:12659875). Phosphorylation on Ser-230 by CAMK2A; this phosphorylation enhances HSF1 transactivation activity upon heat shock (PubMed:11447121). Phosphorylation on Ser-326 by MAPK12; this phosphorylation enhances HSF1 nuclear translocation, homotrimerization and transactivation activities upon heat shock (PubMed:15760475, PubMed:27354066). Phosphorylated on Ser-320 by PRKACA/PKA; this phosphorylation promotes nuclear localization and transcriptional activity upon heat shock (PubMed:21085490). Phosphorylated on Ser-363 by MAPK8; this phosphorylation occurs upon heat shock, induces HSF1 translocation into nuclear stress bodies and negatively regulates transactivation activity (PubMed:10747973). Neither basal nor stress-inducible phosphorylation on Ser-230, Ser-292, Ser-303, Ser-307, Ser-314, Ser-319, Ser-320, Thr-323, Ser-326, Ser-338, Ser-344, Ser-363, Thr-367, Ser-368 and Thr-369 within the regulatory domain is involved in the regulation of HSF1 subcellular localization or DNA-binding activity; however, it negatively regulates HSF1 transactivation activity (PubMed:25963659). Phosphorylated on Ser-216 by PLK1 in the early mitotic period; this phosphorylation regulates HSF1 localization to the spindle pole, the recruitment of the SCF(BTRC) ubiquitin ligase complex inducing HSF1 degradation, and hence mitotic progression

Sumoylated with SUMO1 and SUMO2 upon heat shock in a ERK2-dependent manner (PubMed:12646186, PubMed:12665592). Sumoylated by SUMO1 on Lys-298; sumoylation occurs upon heat shock and promotes its localization to nuclear stress bodies and DNA-binding activity (PubMed:11514557). Phosphorylation on Ser-303 and Ser-307 is probably a prerequisite for sumoylation (PubMed:12646186, PubMed:12665592).

(PubMed:18794143). Dephosphorylated on Ser-121, Ser-307, Ser-314, Thr-323 and Thr-367 by phosphatase PPP2CA in an IER5-dependent manner, leading to HSF1-mediated transactivation activity

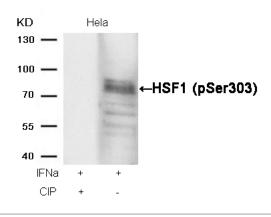
Acetylated on Lys-118; this acetylation is decreased in a IER5-dependent manner (PubMed:26754925). Acetylated on Lys-118, Lys-208 and Lys-298; these acetylations occur in a EP300-dependent manner (PubMed:24581496, PubMed:27189267). Acetylated on Lys-80; this acetylation inhibits DNA-binding activity upon heat shock (PubMed:19229036). Deacetylated on Lys-80 by SIRT1; this deacetylation increases DNA-binding activity (PubMed:19229036).

Ubiquitinated by SCF(BTRC) and degraded following stimulus-dependent phosphorylation at Ser-216 by PLK1 in mitosis (PubMed:18794143). Polyubiquitinated (PubMed:24581496). Undergoes proteasomal degradation upon heat shock and during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the heat shock response (PubMed:24581496).



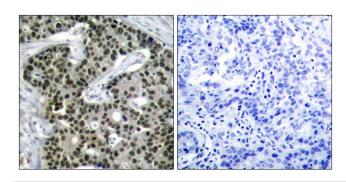
ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody WB image

Western blot: Extracts from MCF7 cells stained with ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody (Lane 2) and the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (Lane1).



ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody WB image

Western blot: Extracts from HeLa cells, treated with IFNa or calf intestinal phosphatase (CIP), stained with ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody.



ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human breast carcinoma tissue stained with ARG51747 anti-HSF1 phospho (Ser303) antibody (left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).