

Product datasheet

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ARG53991 anti-DCTN1 / p150-glued antibody (N-term)

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody recognizes DCTN1 / p150-glued

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IP, WB
Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgG2b

Target Name DCTN1 / p150-glued

Species Human

Immunogen E.coli expressed purified recombinant DCTN1 / p150-glued protein fragments corresponding to 1-150

a.a of human Dynactin subunit 1 protein p150 isoform.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names P135; p150-glued; p135; DP-150; Dynactin subunit 1; 150 kDa dynein-associated polypeptide; DAP-150

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IP	Assay-dependent
	WB	1:500
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	150 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 1639 Human

Swiss-port # Q14203 Human

Gene Symbol DCTN1

Gene Full Name dynactin 1

Background Required for the cytoplasmic dynein-driven retrograde movement of vesicles and organelles along

microtubules. Dynein-dynactin interaction is a key component of the mechanism of axonal transport of

vesicles and organelles.

Function Required for the cytoplasmic dynein-driven retrograde movement of vesicles and organelles along

microtubules. Dynein-dynactin interaction is a key component of the mechanism of axonal transport of

vesicles and organelles. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 142 kDa

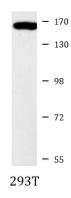
PTM Ubiquitinated by a SCF complex containing FBXL5, leading to its degradation by the proteasome.

Phosphorylation by SLK at Thr-145, Thr-146 and Thr-147 targets DCTN1 to the centrosome. It is uncertain if SLK phosphorylates all three threonines or one or two of them. PLK1-mediated phosphorylation at Ser-179 is essential for its localization in the nuclear envelope, promotes its dissociation from microtubules during early mitosis and positively regulates nuclear envelope

breakdown during prophase.

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm

Images



ARG53991 anti-DCTN1 / p150-glued antibody (N-term) WB image

Western blot: 293T cell lysate stained with ARG53991 anti-DCTN1 / p150-glued antibody (N-term) at 1:500 dilution.



ARG53991 anti-DCTN1 / p150-glued antibody (N-term) IP image

Immunoprecipitation: HeLa cell lysates were immunoprecipitated and stained with ARG53991 anti-DCTN1 / p150-glued antibody (Nterm).