

Product datasheet

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ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes CD150 / SLAM

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Specificity Two isoforms of SLAMF1 are known to exist; this antibody will recognize both isoforms. SLAMF1

antibody is predicted to not cross-react with other SLAM protein family members.

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name CD150 / SLAM

Immunogen Synthetic peptide (15 aa) within aa. 30-80 of Human SLAMF1.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Signaling lymphocytic activation molecule; IPO-3; CD150; SLAM; CDw150; CD antigen CD150

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-Dependent
	ICC/IF	20 μg/mL
	IHC-P	Assay-Dependent
	WB	1 μg/mL
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Rat Colon Lysate	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.	
Buffer	PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.	

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 27218 Mouse</u>

GeneID: 6504 Human

Swiss-port # Q13291 Human

Swiss-port # Q9QUM4 Mouse

Gene Symbol SLAMF1

Gene Full Name signaling lymphocytic activation molecule family member 1

Background SLAMF1 Antibody: The signaling lymphocyte-activation molecule family member 1 (SLAMF1) is a novel

receptor on T cells that potentiates T cell expansion in a CD28-independent manner. SLAMF1 is predominantly expressed by hematopoietic tissues. Reports suggest that the extracellular domain of SLAMF1 is the receptor for the measles virus and acts as a co-activator on both T and B cells. It is thought to interact with SH2D1A and with PTPN11 via its cytoplasmic domain. Mutations of the SLAM

associated gene may be associated with X-linked lympho-proliferative disease (XLP). |

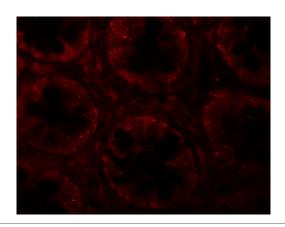
Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Microbiology and Infectious Disease

antibody

Calculated Mw 37 kDa

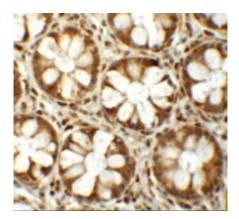
PTM Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by FYN.

Images



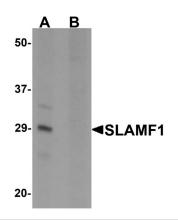
ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: Human colon tissue stained with ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody at 20 $\mu g/ml$.



ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody IHC image

Immunohistochemistry: Human colon tissue stained with ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody at 5 $\mu g/ml.$



ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody WB image

Western blot: Rat colon tissue lysate stained with ARG54668 anti-CD150 / SLAM antibody at 1 $\mu g/ml$ in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.