

ARG55108 anti-IHH / Indian hedgehog antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes IHH / Indian hedgehog
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	IHH / Indian hedgehog
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of Human IHH / Indian hedgehog. (NP_002172.2)
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	BDA1; IHH; HHG2; Indian hedgehog protein; HHG-2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Mouse ovary and Rat liver	

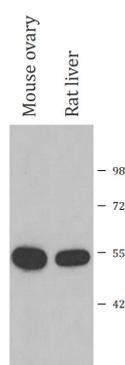
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links	GeneID: 16147 Mouse GeneID: 3549 Human Swiss-port # P97812 Mouse Swiss-port # Q14623 Human
Gene Symbol	IHH
Gene Full Name	indian hedgehog
Background	This gene encodes a member of the hedgehog family of secreted signaling molecules. Hedgehog proteins are essential regulators of a variety of developmental processes including growth, patterning and morphogenesis. The encoded protein specifically plays a role in bone growth and differentiation. Mutations in this gene are the cause of brachydactyly type A1 which is characterized by shortening or malformation of the phalanges. Mutations in this gene are also the cause of acrocapitofemoral dysplasia. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010]
Function	Intercellular signal essential for a variety of patterning events during development. Binds to the patched (PTC) receptor, which functions in association with smoothed (SMO), to activate the transcription of target genes. Implicated in endochondral ossification: may regulate the balance between growth and ossification of the developing bones. Induces the expression of parathyroid hormone-related protein (PTHrP) (By similarity). [UniProt]
Research Area	Developmental Biology antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody
Calculated Mw	45 kDa
PTM	The C-terminal domain displays an autoproteolysis activity and a cholesterol transferase activity. Both activities result in the cleavage of the full-length protein and covalent attachment of a cholesterol moiety to the C-terminal of the newly generated N-terminal fragment (N-product). The N-product is the active species in both local and long-range signaling, whereas the C-product has no signaling activity (By similarity). Cholesterylation is required for N-product targeting to lipid rafts and multimerization. Palmitoylated. N-palmitoylation is required for N-product multimerization and full activity.

Images



ARG55108 anti-IHH / Indian hedgehog antibody WB image

Western blot: Mouse ovary and Rat liver lysates stained with ARG55108 anti-IHH / Indian hedgehog antibody.