

ARG55154 anti-Adenosine Receptor A2a antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Adenosine Receptor A2a
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	Adenosine Receptor A2a
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 347-381 (C-terminus) of Human Adenosine Receptor A2a.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	A2aR; Adenosine receptor A2a; RDC8; ADORA2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Assay-dependent
	IHC-P	Assay-dependent
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	SH-SY5Y	

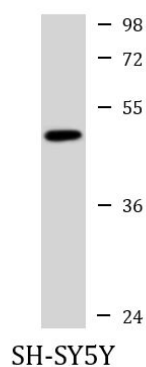
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links	GeneID: 135 Human Swiss-port # P29274 Human
Gene Symbol	ADORA2A
Gene Full Name	adenosine A2a receptor
Background	This gene encodes a member of the guanine nucleotide-binding protein (G protein)-coupled receptor (GPCR) superfamily, which is subdivided into classes and subtypes. The receptors are seven-pass transmembrane proteins that respond to extracellular cues and activate intracellular signal transduction pathways. This protein, an adenosine receptor of A2A subtype, uses adenosine as the preferred endogenous agonist and preferentially interacts with the G(s) and G(olf) family of G proteins to increase intracellular cAMP levels. It plays an important role in many biological functions, such as cardiac rhythm and circulation, cerebral and renal blood flow, immune function, pain regulation, and sleep. It has been implicated in pathophysiological conditions such as inflammatory diseases and neurodegenerative disorders. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A read-through transcript composed of the upstream SPECC1L (sperm antigen with calponin homology and coiled-coil domains 1-like) and ADORA2A (adenosine A2a receptor) gene sequence has been identified, but it is thought to be non-coding. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2013]
Function	Receptor for adenosine. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylyl cyclase. [UniProt]
Research Area	Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Metabolism antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody
Calculated Mw	45 kDa
PTM	Ubiquitinated. Deubiquitinated by USP4; leading to stabilization and expression at the cell surface.
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Images



ARG55154 anti-Adenosine Receptor A2a antibody WB image

Western blot: 20 µg of SH-SY5Y cell lysate stained with ARG55154 anti-Adenosine Receptor A2a antibody at 1:1000 dilution.