

## Product datasheet

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# ARG55185 anti-NALP3 / Cryopyrin antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes NALP3 / Cryopyrin

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application ELISA, ICC/IF, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name NALP3 / Cryopyrin

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide (16 aa) within aa. 120-170 of Human NALP3.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names MWS; FCAS; CLR1.1; CIAS1; FCU; AGTAVPRL; C1orf7; Caterpiller protein 1.1; PYRIN-containing

APAF1-like protein 1; AVP; Angiotensin/vasopressin receptor AII/AVP-like; Cold autoinflammatory syndrome 1 protein; NALP3; AII; FCAS1; NACHT, LRR and PYD domains-containing protein 3; Cryopyrin;

PYPAF1

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	20 μg/ml
	WB	1 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	K562 Cell Lysate	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 114548 Human</u>

GenelD: 216799 Mouse

Swiss-port # Q8R4B8 Mouse

Swiss-port # Q96P20 Human

Gene Symbol NLRP3

Gene Full Name NLR family, pyrin domain containing 3

Background NALP3 gene encodes a pyrin-like protein containing a pyrin domain, a nucleotide-binding site (NBS)

domain, and a leucine-rich repeat (LRR) motif. This protein interacts with the apoptosis-associated speck-like protein PYCARD/ASC, which contains a caspase recruitment domain, and is a member of the NALP3 inflammasome complex. This complex functions as an upstream activator of NF-kappaB signaling, and it plays a role in the regulation of inflammation, the immune response, and apoptosis. Mutations in this gene are associated with familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome (FCAS), Muckle-Wells syndrome (MWS), chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular (CINCA) syndrome, and neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. Alternative 5' UTR structures are suggested by available data; however, insufficient evidence is available to determine if all of the

represented 5' UTR splice patterns are biologically valid. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

Function NALP3: As the sensor component of the NLRP3 inflammasome, plays a crucial role in innate immunity

and inflammation. In response to pathogens and other damage-associated signals, initiates the formation of the inflammasome polymeric complex, made of NLRP3, PYCARD and CASP1 (and possibly CASP4 and CASP5). Recruitment of proCASP1 to the inflammasome promotes its activation and

CASP1-catalyzed IL1B and IL18 maturation and secretion in the extracellular milieu

(PubMed:28847925). Activation of NLRP3 inflammasome is also required for HMGB1 secretion (PubMed:22801494). The active cytokines and HMGB1 stimulate inflammatory responses.

Inflammasomes can also induce pyroptosis, an inflammatory form of programmed cell death. Under resting conditions, NLRP3 is autoinhibited. NLRP3 activation stimuli include extracellular ATP, reactive oxygen species, K(+) efflux, crystals of monosodium urate or cholesterol, amyloid-beta fibers, environmental or industrial particles and nanoparticles, cytosolic dsRNA, etc. However, it is unclear what constitutes the direct NLRP3 activator. Activation in presence of cytosolic dsRNA is mediated by DHX33 (PubMed:23871209). Independently of inflammasome activation, regulates the differentiation of T helper 2 (Th2) cells and has a role in Th2 cell-dependent asthma and tumor growth. During Th2

transcription. Binds to the consensus DNA sequence 5'-GRRGGNRGAG-3'. May also participate in the transcription of IL5, IL13, GATA3, CCR3, CCR4 and MAF. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

NALP3 antibodies; NALP3 ELISA Kits; NALP3 Duos / Panels; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibodies;

differentiation, required for optimal IRF4 binding to IL4 promoter and for IRF4-dependent IL4

Related news:

Exploring Antiviral Immune Response
RIP1 activation and pathogenesis of NASH

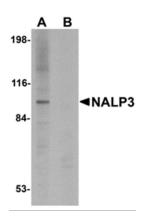
Research Area NLRP3 Inflammasome Study antibody

Calculated Mw 118 kDa

PTM The disulfide bond in the pyrin domain might play a role in reactive oxygen species-mediated activation.

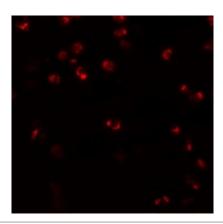
Ubiquitinated; undergoes both 'Lys-48'- and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination. Ubiquitination does not lead to degradation, but inhibits inflammasome activation (By similarity). Deubiquitination is catalyzed by BRCC3 and associated with NLRP3 activation and inflammasome assembly. This process can be induced by the activation of Toll-like receptors (by LPS), through a non-transcriptional pathway

dependent on the mitochondrial production of reactive oxygen species, and by ATP.



### ARG55185 anti-NALP3 / Cryopyrin antibody WB image

Western blot: K562 cell lysate (A) absence (B) presence of the blocking peptide, stained with ARG55185 anti-NALP3 / Cryopyrin antibody at 1  $\mu$ ml dilution.



### ARG55185 anti-NALP3 / Cryopyrin antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: K562 cells stained with ARG55185 anti-NALP3 / Cryopyrin antibody at 20 ug/ml dilution.