

Product datasheet

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ARG55475 anti-NUP62 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes NUP62

Tested Reactivity Hu

Predict Reactivity Ms, Rat
Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name NUP62
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of Human NUP62

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IBSN; p62; Nucleoporin Nup62; SNDI; 62 kDa nucleoporin; Nuclear pore glycoprotein p62

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	st The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	U937	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 23636 Human

Swiss-port # P37198 Human

Gene Symbol NUP62

Gene Full Name nucleoporin 62kDa

Background The nuclear pore complex is a massive structure that extends across the nuclear envelope, forming a

gateway that regulates the flow of macromolecules between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Nucleoporins are the main components of the nuclear pore complex in eukaryotic cells. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the FG-repeat containing nucleoporins and is localized to the nuclear pore central plug. This protein associates with the importin alpha/beta complex which is involved in the import of proteins containing nuclear localization signals. Multiple transcript variants of

this gene encode a single protein isoform. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Essential component of the nuclear pore complex. The N-terminal is probably involved in

nucleocytoplasmic transport. The C-terminal is probably involved in protein-protein interaction via coiled-coil formation and may function in anchorage of p62 to the pore complex. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Controls and

Markers antibody; Gene Regulation antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 53 kDa

PTM O-glycosylated. Contains about 10 N-acetylglucosamine side chain sites predicted for the entire protein,

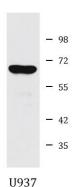
among which only one in the C-terminal.

The the inner channel of the NPC has a different redox environment from the cytoplasm and allows the formation of interchain disulfide bonds between some nucleoporins, the significant increase of these

linkages upon oxidative stress reduces the permeability of the NPC.

Images

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ARG55475 anti-NUP62 antibody WB image

Western blot: U937 cell lysate stained with ARG55475 anti-NUP62 antibody.