

ARG55528 anti-SOX10 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes SOX10
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	SOX10
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 231-259 (Center) of Human SOX10.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	WS4C; PCWH; DOM; Transcription factor SOX-10; WS2E; WS4

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Mouse heart	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

Gene Full Name Background Function	SRY (sex determining region Y)-box 10 SOX10 is a member of the SOX (SRY-related HMG-box) family of transcription factors involved in the regulation of embryonic development and in the determination of the cell fate. The encoded protein may act as a transcriptional activator after forming a protein complex with other proteins. This protein acts as a nucleocytoplasmic shuttle protein and is important for neural crest and peripheral nervous system development. Mutations in this gene are associated with Waardenburg-Shah and Waardenburg- Hirschsprung disease. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] SOX10 is a transcription factor that plays a central role in developing and mature glia. Specifically activates expression of muching genes, during clicedeadersecte (OL) maturation, such as DUSD15 and MXPE
	activates expression of myelin genes, during oligodendrocyte (OL) maturation, such as DUSP15 and MYRF, thereby playing a central role in oligodendrocyte maturation and CNS myelination. Once induced, MYRF cooperates with SOX10 to implement the myelination program. Transcriptional activator of MITF, acting synergistically with PAX3 (PubMed:21965087). [UniProt]
Research Area	Controls and Markers antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Gene Regulation antibody; Neuroscience antibody
Calculated Mw	50 kDa
Images	

