

ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes PDK2
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	PDK2
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of Human PDK2.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	PDHK2; PDKII; [Pyruvate dehydrogenase (acetyl-transferring)] kinase isozyme 2, mitochondrial; EC 2.7.11.2; Pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase isoform 2; PDH kinase 2; PDKII

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:10 - 1:50
	IHC-P	1:10 - 1:50
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Rat heart	

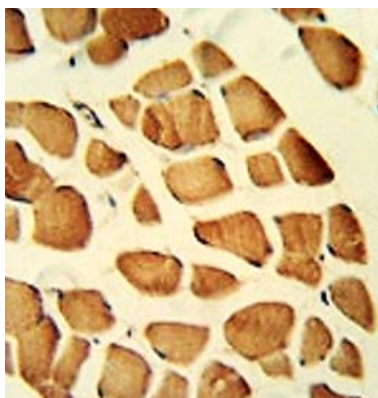
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

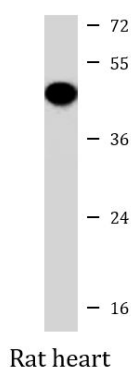
Gene Symbol	PDK2
Gene Full Name	pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase, isozyme 2
Background	This gene encodes a member of the pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase family. The encoded protein phosphorylates pyruvate dehydrogenase, down-regulating the activity of the mitochondrial pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. Overexpression of this gene may play a role in both cancer and diabetes. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2010]
Function	Kinase that plays a key role in the regulation of glucose and fatty acid metabolism and homeostasis via phosphorylation of the pyruvate dehydrogenase subunits PDHA1 and PDHA2. This inhibits pyruvate dehydrogenase activity, and thereby regulates metabolite flux through the tricarboxylic acid cycle, down-regulates aerobic respiration and inhibits the formation of acetyl-coenzyme A from pyruvate. Inhibition of pyruvate dehydrogenase decreases glucose utilization and increases fat metabolism. Mediates cellular responses to insulin. Plays an important role in maintaining normal blood glucose levels and in metabolic adaptation to nutrient availability. Via its regulation of pyruvate dehydrogenase activity, plays an important role in maintaining normal blood pH and in preventing the accumulation of ketone bodies under starvation. Plays a role in the regulation of cell proliferation and in resistance to apoptosis under oxidative stress. Plays a role in p53/TP53-mediated apoptosis. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	46 kDa
Cellular Localization	Mitochondrion matrix.

Images



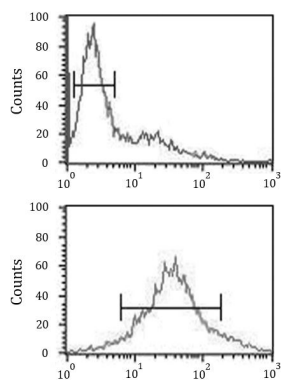
ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded skeletal muscle stained with ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody.



ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 µg of Rat heart lysate stained with ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody.



ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Jurkat cells stained with ARG55699 anti-PDK2 antibody (bottom histogram) or without primary antibody as control (top histogram), followed by incubation with FITC labelled secondary antibody.