

Product datasheet

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ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes IDH2

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms
Predict Reactivity Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name IDH2

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide (17 aa) within the first 50 aa of Human IDH2.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names D2HGA2; IDH; Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP], mitochondrial; IDPM; EC 1.1.1.42; mNADP-IDH; ICD-M;

IDP; IDHM; NADP; Oxalosuccinate decarboxylase

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	20 μg/ml
	IHC-P	5 μg/ml
	WB	1 - 2 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human heart tissue lysate	

Properties

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Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.	
Buffer	PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.	

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 269951 Mouse

GeneID: 3418 Human

Swiss-port # P48735 Human

Swiss-port # P54071 Mouse

Gene Symbol IDH2

Gene Full Name isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 (NADP+), mitochondrial

Background Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These

enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each

NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the

NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the mitochondria. It plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. This protein may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by

RefSeq, Feb 2014]

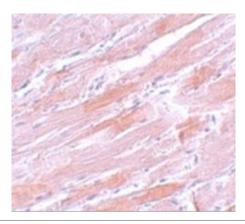
Function Plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. It may tightly associate or interact with

the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 51 kDa

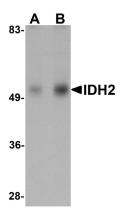
PTM Acetylation at Lys-413 dramatically reduces catalytic activity. Deacetylated by SIRT3.

Images



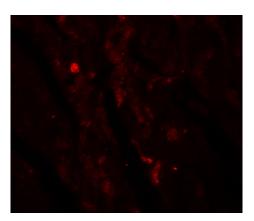
ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Mouse heart tissue stained with ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody at 5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ dilution.



ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody WB image

Western blot: Human heart tissue lysate stained with ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 $\mu g/ml$ dilution.



ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody IF image

Immunofluorescence: Mouse heart tissue stained with ARG55897 anti-IDH2 antibody at 20 $\mu g/ml$ dilution.