

# Product datasheet

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# ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

## Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [156-3C11] recognizes CD44

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Mouse

Clone Monoclonal List-3C11

Isotype IgG2a, kappa

Target Name CD44
Species Human

Immunogen Stimulated Human leukocytes.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names MDU2; MDU3; GP90 lymphocyte homing/adhesion receptor; Hermes antigen; Extracellular matrix

receptor III; PGP-I; Epican; CDW44; Phagocytic glycoprotein 1; Pgp1; HUTCH-I; MC56; Hyaluronate receptor; CD antigen CD44; Heparan sulfate proteoglycan; CD44 antigen; LHR; IN; HCELL; Phagocytic

glycoprotein I; PGP-1; CSPG8; MIC4; ECMR-III; CDw44

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	2 - 4 μg/10^6 cells
	ICC/IF	2 - 5 μg/ml
	IHC-P	2 - 5 μg/ml
	WB	1 - 2 μg/ml
Application Note	IHC-P: Antigen Retrieval: Boil tissue section in 10 mM Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 10-20 min, followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.  * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Purification with Protein G.	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4), 0.05% Sodium azide and 0.1 mg/ml BSA	
Preservative	0.05% Sodium azide	
Stabilizer	0.1 mg/ml BSA	

Concentration 0.2 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 960 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P16070 Human

Gene Symbol CD44

Gene Full Name CD44 molecule (Indian blood group)

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a cell-surface glycoprotein involved in cell-cell interactions, cell

adhesion and migration. It is a receptor for hyaluronic acid (HA) and can also interact with other ligands, such as osteopontin, collagens, and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). This protein participates in a wide variety of cellular functions including lymphocyte activation, recirculation and homing, hematopoiesis, and tumor metastasis. Transcripts for this gene undergo complex alternative splicing that results in many functionally distinct isoforms, however, the full length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. Alternative splicing is the basis for the structural and functional diversity of this protein, and may be related to tumor metastasis. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Function Receptor for hyaluronic acid (HA). Mediates cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions through its affinity for

HA, and possibly also through its affinity for other ligands such as osteopontin, collagens, and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). Adhesion with HA plays an important role in cell migration, tumor growth and progression. In cancer cells, may play an important role in invadopodia formation. Also involved in lymphocyte activation, recirculation and homing, and in hematopoiesis. Altered expression or dysfunction causes numerous pathogenic phenotypes. Great protein heterogeneity due to numerous

alternative splicing and post-translational modification events. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Chondrogenesis Study

antibody

Calculated Mw 82 kDa

PTM Proteolytically cleaved in the extracellular matrix by specific proteinases (possibly MMPs) in several cell

lines and tumors.

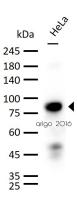
N- and O-glycosylated. O-glycosylation contains more-or-less-sulfated chondroitin sulfate glycans, whose number may affect the accessibility of specific proteinases to their cleavage site(s). It is

uncertain if O-glycosylation occurs on Thr-637 or Thr-638.

Phosphorylated; activation of PKC results in the dephosphorylation of Ser-706 (constitutive

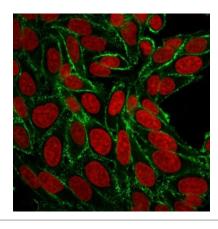
phosphorylation site), and the phosphorylation of Ser-672.

Cellular Localization Cell surface



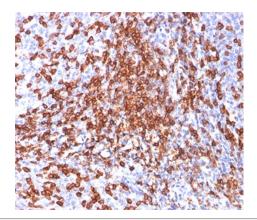
#### ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11] WB image

Western blot: 30  $\mu g$  of HeLa cell lysates stained with ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11] at 1  $\mu g/ml$  dilution.



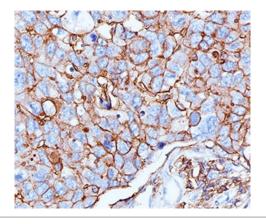
#### ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11] ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: HeLa cells stained with ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11] (green). Reddot (red) for nuclear staining.



#### ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Human tonsil stained with ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11].



#### ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Human breast cancer stained with ARG55940 anti-CD44 antibody [156-3C11].