

# Product datasheet

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# ARG55959 anti-Insulin antibody [2D11-H5]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [ 2D11-H5 ] recognizes Insulin

Tested Reactivity Hu

Species Does Not React With Ms, Rat

Tested Application FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P

Host Mouse

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Clone 2D11-H5

Isotype IgG1, kappa

Target Name Insulin
Species Pig

Immunogen Full length purified Pig Insulin (aa. 1-84)

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IDDM; IDDM2; IDDM1; ILPR; MODY10; Insulin; IRDN

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	0.5 - 1 μg/10^6 cells
	ICC/IF	1 - 2 μg/ml
	IHC-P	1 - 2 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.05% Sodium azide and 0.1 mg/ml BSA

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.1 mg/ml BSA

Concentration 0.2 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

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before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 3630 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P01308 Human

Gene Symbol INS

Gene Full Name insulin

Background After removal of the precursor signal peptide, proinsulin is post-translationally cleaved into three

peptides: the B chain and A chain peptides, which are covalently linked via two disulfide bonds to form insulin, and C-peptide. Binding of insulin to the insulin receptor (INSR) stimulates glucose uptake. A multitude of mutant alleles with phenotypic effects have been identified. There is a read-through gene, INS-IGF2, which overlaps with this gene at the 5' region and with the IGF2 gene at the 3' region.

Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]

Function Insulin decreases blood glucose concentration. It increases cell permeability to monosaccharides, amino

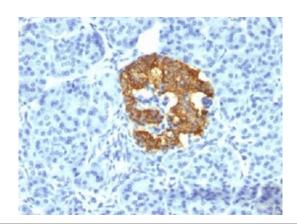
acids and fatty acids. It accelerates glycolysis, the pentose phosphate cycle, and glycogen synthesis in

liver. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 12 kDa

Cellular Localization Cytoplasmic

### **Images**



#### ARG55959 anti-Insulin antibody [2D11-H5] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Human pancreas stained with ARG55959 anti-Insulin antibody [2D11-H5]. Note cytoplasmic cells.