

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG56973 anti-Cofilin antibody [1C1]

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [1C1] recognizes Cofilin

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA, WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 1C1

Isotype IgG1, kappa

Target Name Cofilin
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fragment around aa. 1-166 of Human Cofilin.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CFL; 18 kDa phosphoprotein; Cofilin, non-muscle isoform; HEL-S-15; p18; cofilin; Cofilin-1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	1:1000
	WB	1:1000 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 10% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 10% Glycerol

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 1072 Human

Swiss-port # P23528 Human

Gene Symbol CFL1

Gene Full Name cofilin 1 (non-muscle)

Background The protein encoded by this gene can polymerize and depolymerize F-actin and G-actin in a pH-

dependent manner. Increased phosphorylation of this protein by LIM kinase aids in Rho-induced reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. Cofilin is a widely distributed intracellular actin-modulating protein that binds and depolymerizes filamentous F-actin and inhibits the polymerization of monomeric G-actin in a pH-dependent manner. It is involved in the translocation of actin-cofilin complex from

cytoplasm to nucleus.[supplied by OMIM, Apr 2004]

Function Binds to F-actin and exhibits pH-sensitive F-actin depolymerizing activity. Regulates actin cytoskeleton

dynamics. Important for normal progress through mitosis and normal cytokinesis. Plays a role in the regulation of cell morphology and cytoskeletal organization. Required for the up-regulation of atypical chemokine receptor ACKR2 from endosomal compartment to cell membrane, increasing its efficiency in

chemokine uptake and degradation. [UniProt]

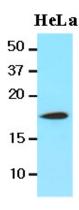
Calculated Mw 19 kDa

PTM Inactivated by phosphorylation on Ser-3. Phosphorylated on Ser-3 in resting cells (By similarity).

Dephosphorylated by PDXP/chronophin; this restores its activity in promoting actin filament depolymerization. The phosphorylation of Ser-24 may prevent recognition of the nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Phosphorylated via a ARRB1-RAC1-LIMK1-PAK1 cascade upon active ligand

stimulation of atypical chemokine receptor ACKR2.

Images



ARG56973 anti-Cofilin antibody [1C1] WB image

Western blot: 20 μg of HeLa stained with ARG56973 anti-Cofilin antibody [1C1] at 1:1000.