

# Product datasheet

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# ARG57083 anti-PSMD11 antibody [2C7]

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

## Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [2C7] recognizes PSMD11

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application WB

Host Mouse

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Clone 2C7

Target Name PSMD11

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fragment around aa. 1-422 of Human PSMD11.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names S9; 26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 11; Rpn6; p44.5; 26S proteasome regulatory

subunit S9; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN6; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit p44.5

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 10% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 10% Glycerol

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 5717 Human

Swiss-port # O00231 Human

Gene Symbol PSMD11

Gene Full Name proteasome 26S subunit, non-ATPase 11

Background The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed

of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. This gene encodes a member of the proteasome subunit S9 family that functions as a non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator and is phosphorylated by AMP-activated protein kinase. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2012]

Function Component of the lid subcomplex of the 26S proteasome, a multiprotein complex involved in the ATP-

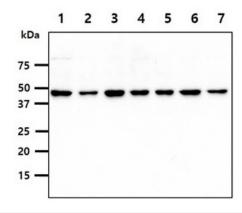
dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. In the complex, PSMD11 is required for proteasome assembly. Plays a key role in increased proteasome activity in embryonic stem cells (ESCs): its high expression in ESCs promotes enhanced assembly of the 26S proteasome, followed by higher

proteasome activity. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 47 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated by AMPK.

#### **Images**



#### ARG57083 anti-PSMD11 antibody [2C7] WB image

Western blot: 40  $\mu$ g of 1) HeLa cell lysate, 2) 293T cell lysate, 3) U87-MG cell lysate, 4) NIH-3T3 cell lysate, 5) PC3 cell lysate, 6) TF1 cell lysate, 7) MCF7 cell lysate stained with ARG57083 anti-PSMD11 antibody [2C7] at 1:1000.