

## Product datasheet

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# ARG57587 anti-Cubilin antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Cubilin

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name Cubilin

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide from Human Cubilin.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Intrinsic factor-vitamin B12 receptor; Cubilin; Intrinsic factor-cobalamin receptor; IFCR; Intestinal

intrinsic factor receptor; MGA1; gp280; 460 kDa receptor

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CUBN

Gene Full Name cubilin (intrinsic factor-cobalamin receptor)

Background Cubilin (CUBN) acts as a receptor for intrinsic factor-vitamin B12 complexes. The role of receptor is

supported by the presence of 27 CUB domains. Cubulin is located within the epithelium of intestine and kidney. Mutations in CUBN may play a role in autosomal recessive megaloblastic anemia. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Function** Cotransporter which plays a role in lipoprotein, vitamin and iron metabolism, by facilitating their

uptake. Binds to ALB, MB, Kappa and lambda-light chains, TF, hemoglobin, GC, SCGB1A1, APOA1, high density lipoprotein, and the GIF-cobalamin complex. The binding of all ligands requires calcium. Serves as important transporter in several absorptive epithelia, including intestine, renal proximal tubules and embryonic yolk sac. Interaction with LRP2 mediates its trafficking throughout vesicles and facilitates the uptake of specific ligands like GC, hemoglobin, ALB, TF and SCGB1A1. Interaction with AMN controls its trafficking to the plasma membrane and facilitates endocytosis of ligands. May play an important role in the development of the peri-implantation embryo through internalization of APOA1 and cholesterol.

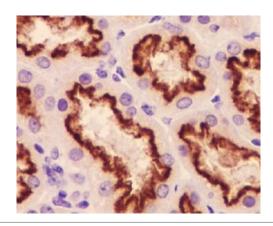
Binds to LGALS3 at the maternal-fetal interface. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 399 kDa

PTM The precursor is cleaved by a trans-Golgi proteinase furin. The result is a propeptide cleaved off.

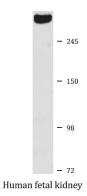
N-glycosylated. [UniProt]

### **Images**



### ARG57587 anti-Cubilin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human kidney tissue stained with ARG57587 anti-Cubilin antibody.



#### ARG57587 anti-Cubilin antibody WB image

Western blot: Human fetal kidney lysate stained with ARG57587 anti-Cubilin antibody.