

Product datasheet

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ARG57646 anti-POLR2B antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes POLR2B

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name POLR2B
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of Human POLR2B.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names RNA polymerase II subunit 2; RPB2; POL2RB; DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit B; DNA-directed

RNA polymerase II 140 kDa polypeptide; RNA polymerase II subunit B2; DNA-directed RNA polymerase

II subunit RPB2; hRPB140; EC 2.7.7.6

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| | IHC-P | 1:50 - 1:200 |
| | WB | 1:500 - 1:2000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | HepG2 | |
| Observed Size | ~ 134 kDa | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol POLR2B

Gene Full Name polymerase (RNA) II (DNA directed) polypeptide B, 140kDa

Background This gene encodes the second largest subunit of RNA polymerase II (Pol II), a DNA-dependent RNA

polymerase that catalyzes the transcription of DNA into precursors of mRNA, snRNA and microRNA. This subunit and the largest subunit form opposite sides of the center cleft of Pol II. Deletion of the flap loop region of this subunit results in a decrease in the rate of transcriptional elongation. Alternative

splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2014]

Function DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes the transcription of DNA into RNA using the four

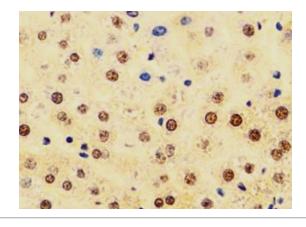
ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates. Second largest component of RNA polymerase II which synthesizes mRNA precursors and many functional non-coding RNAs. Proposed to contribute to the polymerase catalytic activity and forms the polymerase active center together with the largest subunit. Pol II is the central component of the basal RNA polymerase II transcription machinery. It is composed of mobile elements that move relative to each other. RPB2 is part of the core element with the central large cleft, the clamp element that moves to open and close the cleft and the jaws that are thought to

grab the incoming DNA template (By similarity). [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 134 kDa

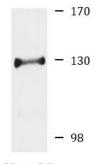
Cellular Localization Nucleus [UniProt]

Images



ARG57646 anti-POLR2B antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Rat liver stained with ARG57646 anti-POLR2B antibody at 1:100 dilution.



ARG57646 anti-POLR2B antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of HepG2 cell lysate stained with ARG57646 anti-POLR2B antibody at 1:1000 dilution.