

## ARG57925 anti-Thrombomodulin antibody

Package: 100 µl  
Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Thrombomodulin
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	Thrombomodulin
Species	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide derived from Human Thrombomodulin.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	THRM; CD antigen CD141; THPH12; TM; Thrombomodulin; CD141; BDCA3; Fetomodulin; AHUS6

### Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	IP	1:50
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human placenta	
Observed Size	~ 98 kDa	

### Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

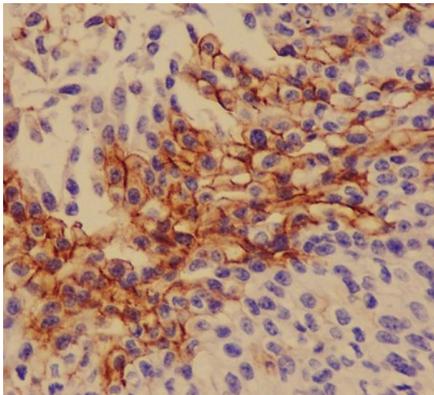
For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

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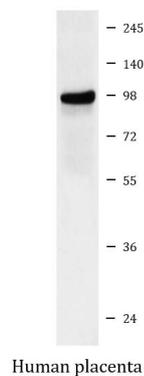
Gene Symbol	THBD
Gene Full Name	thrombomodulin
Background	The protein encoded by this intronless gene is an endothelial-specific type I membrane receptor that binds thrombin. This binding results in the activation of protein C, which degrades clotting factors Va and VIIIa and reduces the amount of thrombin generated. Mutations in this gene are a cause of thromboembolic disease, also known as inherited thrombophilia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Thrombomodulin is a specific endothelial cell receptor that forms a 1:1 stoichiometric complex with thrombin. This complex is responsible for the conversion of protein C to the activated protein C (protein Ca). Once evolved, protein Ca scissions the activated cofactors of the coagulation mechanism, factor Va and factor VIIIa, and thereby reduces the amount of thrombin generated. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	60 kDa
PTM	N-glycosylated.  The iron and 2-oxoglutarate dependent 3-hydroxylation of aspartate and asparagine is (R) stereospecific within EGF domains. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. [UniProt]

## Images



ARG57925 anti-Thrombomodulin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human bladder tissue stained with ARG57925 anti-Thrombomodulin antibody.



ARG57925 anti-Thrombomodulin antibody WB image

Western blot: Human placenta lysate stained with ARG57925 anti-Thrombomodulin antibody.