

Product datasheet

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ARG58210 anti-alpha 1 microglobulin antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes alpha 1 microglobulin

Tested Reactivity Ms, Rat
Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name alpha 1 microglobulin

Species Human

Immunogen E. coli-derived Human Alpha 1 microglobulin recombinant protein (Position: A206-N352).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Bikunin; HCP; ITIL; ITILC; ITI; ITI-LC; UTI; Protein HC; Complex-forming glycoprotein heterogeneous in

charge; EDC1; HI30; HI-30; Alpha-1 microglycoprotein; A1M; IATIL; Uronic-acid-rich protein; Protein

AMBP

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	0.1 - 0.5 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Buffer 0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na2HPO4, 0.05% Sodium azide and 4% Trehalose.

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 4% Trehalose
Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol AMBP

Gene Full Name alpha-1-microglobulin/bikunin precursor

Background This gene encodes a complex glycoprotein secreted in plasma. The precursor is proteolytically

processed into distinct functioning proteins: alpha-1-microglobulin, which belongs to the superfamily of lipocalin transport proteins and may play a role in the regulation of inflammatory processes, and bikunin, which is a urinary trypsin inhibitor belonging to the superfamily of Kunitz-type protease inhibitors and plays an important role in many physiological and pathological processes. This gene is

located on chromosome 9 in a cluster of lipocalin genes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor inhibits trypsin, plasmin, and lysosomal granulocytic elastase. Inhibits

calcium oxalate crystallization.

Trypstatin is a trypsin inhibitor. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 39 kDa

PTM The precursor is proteolytically processed into separately functioning proteins.

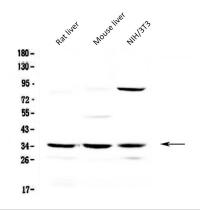
3-hydroxykynurenine, an oxidized tryptophan metabolite that is common in biological fluids, reacts with Cys-53, Lys-111, Lys-137, and Lys-149 to form heterogeneous polycyclic chromophores including hydroxanthommatin. The reaction by alpha-1-microglobulin is autocatalytic; the human protein forms chromophore even when expressed in insect and bacterial cells. The chromophore can react with accessible cysteines forming non-reducible thioether cross-links with other molecules of alpha-1-microglobulin or with other proteins such as Ig alpha-1 chain C region 'Cys-352'.

Heavy chains are interlinked with bikunin via a chondroitin 4-sulfate bridge to the their C-terminal aspartate.

N- and O-glycosylated. N-glycan heterogeneity at Asn-115: Hex5HexNAc4 (major), Hex6HexNAc5 (minor) and dHex1Hex6HexNAc5 (minor). N-glycan at Asn-250: Hex5HexNAc4. O-linkage of the glycosaminoglycan, chondroitin sulfate, at Ser-215 allows cross-linking between the three polypeptide chains. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Secreted. [UniProt]

Images



ARG58210 anti-alpha 1 microglobulin antibody WB image

Western blot: 50 μ g of Rat liver, Mouse liver and NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates stained with ARG58210 anti-alpha 1 microglobulin antibody at 0.5 μ g/ml, overnight at 4°C, under reducing conditions.