

Product datasheet

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ARG58774 anti-Axin 2 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Axin 2

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name Axin 2

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide from Human Axin2.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names AXIL; Axil; Axin-2; Axin-like protein; Conductin; Axis inhibition protein 2; ODCRCS

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol AXIN2

Gene Full Name axin 2

Background The Axin-related protein, Axin2, presumably plays an important role in the regulation of the stability of

beta-catenin in the Wnt signaling pathway, like its rodent homologs, mouse conductin/rat axil. In mouse, conductin organizes a multiprotein complex of APC (adenomatous polyposis of the colon), beta-catenin, glycogen synthase kinase 3-beta, and conductin, which leads to the degradation of beta-catenin. Apparently, the deregulation of beta-catenin is an important event in the genesis of a number of malignancies. The AXIN2 gene has been mapped to 17q23-q24, a region that shows frequent loss of heterozygosity in breast cancer, neuroblastoma, and other tumors. Mutations in this gene have been associated with colorectal cancer with defective mismatch repair. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Inhibitor of the Wnt signaling pathway. Down-regulates beta-catenin. Probably facilitate the

phosphorylation of beta-catenin and APC by GSK3B (By similarity). [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 94 kDa

PTM Probably phosphorylated by GSK3B and dephosphorylated by PP2A.

ADP-ribosylated by tankyrase TNKS and TNKS2. Poly-ADP-ribosylated protein is recognized by RNF146,

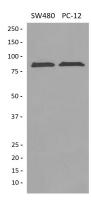
followed by ubiquitination and subsequent activation of the Wnt signaling pathway.

Ubiquitinated by RNF146 when poly-ADP-ribosylated, leading to its degradation and subsequent activation of the Wnt signaling pathway. Deubiquitinated by USP34, deubiquitinated downstream of beta-catenin stabilization step: deubiquitination is important Wnt signaling to positively regulate beta-

catenin (CTNBB1)-mediated transcription. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm. [UniProt]

Images



ARG58774 anti-Axin 2 antibody WB image

Western blot: SW480 and PC-12 cell lysates stained with ARG58774 anti-Axin 2 antibody.