

ARG58931
anti-GLDC antibodyPackage: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GLDC
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	GLDC
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 49-77 of Human GLDC.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	GCE; GCSP; HYG1; Glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating), mitochondrial; EC 1.4.4.2; Glycine cleavage system P protein; Glycine decarboxylase; Glycine dehydrogenase (aminomethyl-transferring)

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	HepG2	

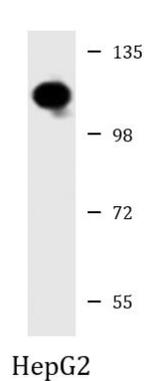
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	GLDC
Gene Full Name	glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating)
Background	Degradation of glycine is brought about by the glycine cleavage system, which is composed of four mitochondrial protein components: P protein (a pyridoxal phosphate-dependent glycine decarboxylase), H protein (a lipoic acid-containing protein), T protein (a tetrahydrofolate-requiring enzyme), and L protein (a lipoamide dehydrogenase). The protein encoded by this gene is the P protein, which binds to glycine and enables the methylamine group from glycine to be transferred to the T protein. Defects in this gene are a cause of nonketotic hyperglycinemia (NKH).[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2010]
Function	The glycine cleavage system catalyzes the degradation of glycine. The P protein (GLDC) binds the alpha-amino group of glycine through its pyridoxal phosphate cofactor; CO(2) is released and the remaining methylamine moiety is then transferred to the lipoamide cofactor of the H protein (GCSH). [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	113 kDa
Cellular Localization	Mitochondrion. [UniProt]

Images



ARG58931 anti-GLDC antibody WB image

Western blot: 20 µg of HepG2 cell lysate stained with ARG58931 anti-GLDC antibody at 1:1000 dilution.