

Product datasheet

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ARG59366 anti-ALDH2 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes ALDH2

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application ICC/IF, WB
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype IgG

Target Name ALDH2
Species Human

Immunogen KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 52-81 of Human ALDH2.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names EC 1.2.1.3; ALDH class 2; ALDM; ALDHI; Aldehyde dehydrogenase, mitochondrial; ALDH-E2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:10 - 1:50
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	A549	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.

Buffer PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.

Preservative 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol ALDH2

Gene Full Name aldehyde dehydrogenase 2 family (mitochondrial)

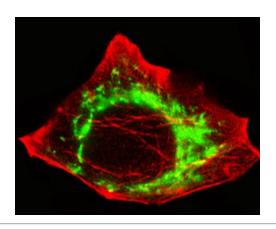
Background This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the

This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. Two major liver isoforms of aldehyde dehydrogenase, cytosolic and mitochondrial, can be distinguished by their electrophoretic mobilities, kinetic properties, and subcellular localizations. Most Caucasians have two major isozymes, while approximately 50% of Orientals have the cytosolic isozyme but not the mitochondrial isozyme. A remarkably higher frequency of acute alcohol intoxication among Orientals than among Caucasians could be related to the absence of a catalytically active form of the mitochondrial isozyme. The increased exposure to acetaldehyde in individuals with the catalytically inactive form may also confer greater susceptibility to many types of cancer. This gene encodes a mitochondrial isoform, which has a low Km for acetaldehydes, and is localized in mitochondrial matrix. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2011]

Calculated Mw 56 kDa

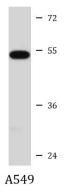
Cellular Localization Mitochondrion matrix. [UniProt]

Images



ARG59366 anti-ALDH2 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: A549 cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then stained with ARG59366 anti-ALDH2 antibody (green) at 1:25, 1 hour at 37°C. Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 conjugated Phalloidin (red) (7 units/ml, 1 hour at 37°C).



ARG59366 anti-ALDH2 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 μg of A549 cell lysate stained with ARG59366 anti-ALDH2 antibody.