

ARG59371 anti-TSPAN12 antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes TSPAN12
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Predict Reactivity	Ms, Rat, Bov
Tested Application	FACS, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	TSPAN12
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 232-259 of Human TSPAN12.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Tspan-12; NET-2; Tetraspan NET-2; NET2; TM4SF12; EVR5; Tetraspanin-12; Transmembrane 4 superfamily member 12

Application Instructions

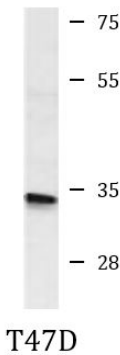
Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:10 - 1:50
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	T47D	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

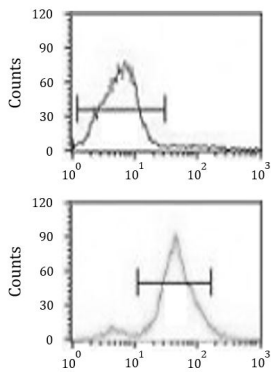
Gene Symbol	TSPAN12
Gene Full Name	tetraspanin 12
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Regulator of cell surface receptor signal transduction. Plays a central role in retinal vascularization by regulating norrin (NDP) signal transduction. Acts in concert with norrin (NDP) to promote FZD4 multimerization and subsequent activation of FZD4, leading to promote accumulation of beta-catenin (CTNNB1) and stimulate LEF/TCF-mediated transcriptional programs. Suprisingly, it only activate the norrin (NDP)-dependent activation of FZD4, while it does not activate the Wnt-dependent activation of FZD4, suggesting the existence of a Wnt-independent signaling that also promote accumulation the beta-catenin (CTNNB1) (By similarity). Acts as a regulator of membrane proteinases such as ADAM10 and MMP14/MT1-MMP. Activates ADAM10-dependent cleavage activity of amyloid precursor protein (APP). Activates MMP14/MT1-MMP-dependent cleavage activity. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	35 kDa
PTM	Palmitoylated; required for interaction with ADAM10. The precise position of palmitoylated residues is unclear and occurs either on Cys-9, Cys-12 and/or Cys-83. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. [UniProt]

Images



ARG59371 anti-TSPAN12 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 µg of T47D cell lysate stained with ARG59371 anti-TSPAN12 antibody.



ARG59371 anti-TSPAN12 antibody FACS image

Flow Cytometry: 293 cells stained with ARG59371 anti-TSPAN12 antibody (bottom histogram) or without primary antibody as control (top histogram), followed by incubation with FITC labelled secondary antibody.