

Product datasheet

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ARG59868 anti-SFRS9 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes SFRS9

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application ICC/IF, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name SFRS9

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 1-221 of Human SFRS9 (NP_003760.1).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Serine/arginine-rich splicing factor 9; Pre-mRNA-splicing factor SRp30C; Splicing factor, arginine/serine-

rich 9; SRp30c; SFRS9

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recomm should be determined by the so	nended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations cientist.
Positive Control	Mouse testis and BT-474	
Observed Size	24 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol SRSF9

Gene Full Name serine/arginine-rich splicing factor 9

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the serine/arginine (SR)-rich family of pre-mRNA

splicing factors, which constitute part of the spliceosome. Each of these factors contains an RNA recognition motif (RRM) for binding RNA and an RS domain for binding other proteins. The RS domain is rich in serine and arginine residues and facilitates interaction between different SR splicing factors. In addition to being critical for mRNA splicing, the SR proteins have also been shown to be involved in mRNA export from the nucleus and in translation. Two pseudogenes, one on chromosome 15 and the

other on chromosome 21, have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2010]

Function Plays a role in constitutive splicing and can modulate the selection of alternative splice sites. Represses

the splicing of MAPT/Tau exon 10. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 26 kDa

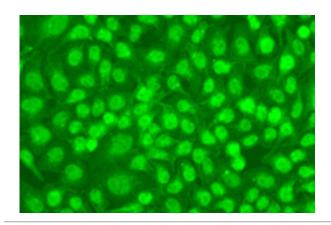
PTM Extensively phosphorylated on serine residues in the RS domain. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Nucleus. Note=Cellular stresses such as heat shock may induce localization to discrete nuclear bodies

termed SAM68 nuclear bodies (SNBs), HAP bodies, or stress bodies. Numerous splicing factors including SRSF1/SFRS1/SF2, SRSF7/SFRS7, SAFB and KHDRBS1/SAM68 accumulate at these structures, which may

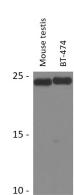
participate in the post-transcriptional regulation of mRNAs in stressed cells. [UniProt]

Images



ARG59868 anti-SFRS9 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: U2OS cells stained with ARG59868 anti-SFRS9 antibody at 1:100 dilution.



ARG59868 anti-SFRS9 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of Mouse testis and BT-474 cell lysates stained with ARG59868 anti-SFRS9 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.