

Product datasheet

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ARG62739 anti-CD16 antibody [MEM-154] (Biotin)

Package: 100 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Clone

Product Description Biotin-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [MEM-154] recognizes CD16

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application FACS

Specificity The clone MEM-154 reacts with the epitope on CD16 antigen that residing in proximity to FG loop

(probably BC or C'E loop). CD16 is a low affinity receptor for aggregated IgG (FcgammaRIII antigen).

MEM-154 reacts with CD16+ granulocytes.

HLDA V; WS Code M MA068 HLDA V; WS Code NK NK51

MEM-154

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgG1

Target Name CD16

Species Human

Immunogen Human granulocytes

Conjugation Biotin

Alternate Names FCRIIIA; FcRIIIa; CD antigen CD16a; Fc-gamma RIII-alpha; FCR-10; FcR-10; FCRIII; FCG3; Low affinity

immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor III-A; FCGRIII; CD16; Fc-gamma RIIIa; IgG Fc receptor III-2;

IMD20; CD16A; IGFR3; CD16a antigen; FCGR3; FcRIII; Fc-gamma RIII

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	5 - 8 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Note The purified antibody is conjugated with Biotin-LC-NHS under optimum conditions. The reagent is free

of unconjugated biotin.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4) and 15 mM Sodium azide

Preservative 15 mM Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

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repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 2214 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P08637 Human

Gene Symbol FCGR3A

Gene Full Name Fc fragment of IgG, low affinity IIIa, receptor (CD16a)

Background CD16 (FcgammaRIII) is a 50-65 kDa glycoprotein serving as a low affinity IgG receptor. Human

FcgammaRIII is expressed in two forms – FcgammaRIII-A and -B. FcgammaRIII-A is a transmembrane protein of monocytes, macrophages, NK cells and a subset of T cells. It is associated with FcepsilonRI-gamma subunit and is responsible for antibody-dependent NK cell cytotoxicity. Mast cell FcgammaRIII-A is associated, moreover, with FcepsilonRI-beta subunit. Besides IgG, FcgammaRIII-A can be triggered also by oligomeric IgE. FcgammaRIII-B is a GPI-linked monomeric receptor expressed on neutrophils and

is involved in their activation and induction of a proadhesive phenotype.

Function Receptor for the Fc region of IgG. Binds complexed or aggregated IgG and also monomeric IgG.

Mediates antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) and other antibody-dependent responses,

such as phagocytosis. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD16 antibodies; CD16 ELISA Kits; CD16 Duos / Panels; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; General Lymphocyte Marker Study

antibody; Natural killer cells antibody

Calculated Mw 29 kDa

PTM Glycosylated. Contains high mannose- and complex-type oligosaccharides. Glycosylation at Asn-180 is

mandatory for high affinity binding to the Fc and for discrimination between fucosylated and

afucosylated IgG glycoforms.

The soluble form is produced by a proteolytic cleavage.