

# Product datasheet

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# ARG62896 anti-CD58 antibody [MEM-63] (Biotin)

Package: 100 μg Store at: 4°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Biotin-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [MEM-63] recognizes CD58

Tested Reactivity Hu, Pig
Tested Application FACS

Specificity The clone MEM-63 reacts with CD58 (LFA-3), a 40-70 kDa glycoprotein distributed over many tissues,

leukocytes, erythrocytes, endothelial cells, epithelial cells and fibroblasts.

HLDA VI; WS Code AS A047

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone MEM-63

Isotype IgG1
Target Name CD58

Species Human

Immunogen NALM-6 human pre-B cell line

Conjugation Biotin

Alternate Names CD antigen CD58; LFA3; ag3; Lymphocyte function-associated antigen 3; Surface glycoprotein LFA-3;

Ag3; LFA-3

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	2 - 12 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Note The purified antibody is conjugated with Biotin-LC-NHS under optimum conditions. The reagent is free

of unconjugated biotin.

Buffer TBS (pH 8.0) and 15 mM Sodium azide

Preservative 15 mM Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/m

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 965 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P19256 Human

Gene Symbol CD58

Gene Full Name CD58 molecule

Background CD58 (LFA-3) is an immunoglobulin family adhession molecule expressed by both hematopoietic and

non-hematopoietic cells (often on antigen presenting cells) and serving as ligand of CD2. This

interaction is important for T cell-mediated immunity. CD58 is expressed in transmembrane form and in

GPI-anchored form; the later is constitutively associated with protein kinases whereas the

transmembrane form activates kinase activity upon triggering. CD58 is a powerful tool for detection of minimal residual disease in acute lymphocytic leukemia, and for evaluation of liver damage related with

hepatitis B.

Function Ligand of the T-lymphocyte CD2 glycoprotein. This interaction is important in mediating thymocyte

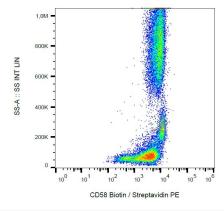
interactions with thymic epithelial cells, antigen-independent and -dependent interactions of T-lymphocytes with target cells and antigen-presenting cells and the T-lymphocyte rosetting with erythrocytes. In addition, the LFA-3/CD2 interaction may prime response by both the CD2+ and LFA-3+

cells. [UniProt]

Research Area Immune System antibody

Calculated Mw 28 kDa

## **Images**



#### ARG62896 anti-CD58 antibody [MEM-63] (Biotin) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Human peripheral blood cells stained with ARG62896 anti-CD58 antibody [MEM-63] (Biotin), followed by Streptavidin (PE).