

Product datasheet

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ARG62964 anti-Proinsulin (C-peptide) antibody [C-PEP-01]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [C-PEP-01] recognizes Proinsulin (C-peptide)

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC-P, RIA

Specificity The clone C-PEP-01 reacts specifically with C-peptide, a part of the Proinsulin molecule. Proinsulin

consists of the three parts: C-peptide and two long strands of amino acids (alpha and beta chains; later

become linked together to form the Insulin molecule).

No cross-reactivity with Insulin or other peptide hormones or proteins was observed.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone C-PEP-01

Isotype IgG1

Target Name Proinsulin (C-peptide)

Species Human

Immunogen Human C-peptide conjugated to bovine serum albumin.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IDDM; IDDM2; IDDM1; ILPR; MODY10; Insulin; IRDN

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-P	2 - 5 μg/ml
	RIA	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	IHC-P: Human pancreas (islets of Langerhans)	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Purified from ascites by precipitation methods.	
Purity	> 95% (by SDS-PAGE)	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4) and 15 mM Sodium azide	

Preservative 15 mM Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 3630 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P01308 Human

Gene Symbol INS

Gene Full Name insulin

Background From every molecule of Proinsulin, one molecule of Insulin plus one molecule of C-peptide are

produced. C-peptide is released into the blood stream in equal amounts to Insulin.

Function Insulin decreases blood glucose concentration. It increases cell permeability to monosaccharides, amino

acids and fatty acids. It accelerates glycolysis, the pentose phosphate cycle, and glycogen synthesis in

liver. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Metabolism antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling

Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 12 kDa

Images



ARG62964 anti-Proinsulin (C-peptide) antibody [C-PEP-01] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human pancreas stained with ARG62964 anti-Proinsulin (C-peptide) antibody [C-PEP-01].