

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG65296 anti-MYO5A antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes MYO5A

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Predict Reactivity Cow, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, WB

Specificity This antibody is expected to recognize both reported isoforms (NP_000250.3; NP_001135967.1).

Host Goat

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name MYO5A
Species Human

 Immunogen
 C-ETKQLELDLN

 Conjugation
 Un-conjugated

Alternate Names GS1; MYH12; Unconventional myosin-Va; MYR12; Myosin-12; MYO5; Dilute myosin heavy chain, non-

muscle; Myoxin; Myosin heavy chain 12

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1 - 3 μg/ml
	WB	1 - 3 μg/ml
Application Note	WB: Recommend incubate at RT for 1h. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid

Purification Purified from goat serum by antigen affinity chromatography.

Buffer Tris saline (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.5% BSA

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

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before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 17918 Mouse

GeneID: 4644 Human

Swiss-port # Q99104 Mouse

Swiss-port # Q9Y4I1 Human

Background This gene is one of three myosin V heavy-chain genes, belonging to the myosin gene superfamily.

Myosin V is a class of actin-based motor proteins involved in cytoplasmic vesicle transport and anchorage, spindle-pole alignment and mRNA translocation. The protein encoded by this gene is abundant in melanocytes and nerve cells. Mutations in this gene cause Griscelli syndrome type-1 (GS1), Griscelli syndrome type-3 (GS3) and neuroectodermal melanolysosomal disease, or Elejalde disease. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been reported, but the full-length nature of some variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2008]

Research Area Metabolism antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 215 kDa

Images

